ЦЕНТР ГРОМАДСЬКОГО ЗДОРОВ'Я



Digest

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE MONITORING AND RESPONSE SYSTEM FOR RECENT HIV INFECTION IN UKRAINE

Issue 3 (9)

As of October 1, 2026

Dear Readers

We are pleased to present the final issue of our digest, dedicated to the analysis of epidemiological **surveillance data on Recent HIV Infection (RHI)** in Ukraine as of October 1, 2026.

In this issue, you will be able to:

- review the current status of the territorial implementation of RHI testing and the changes over the project period;
- track trends in RHI testing volumes and case detection from 2021 through 2026;
- compare RHI testing coverage by year;
- review the sociodemographic characteristics of individuals tested for RHI;
- analyze the structure of recent HIV infection cases identified from 2021 through 2026;
- learn the key RHI surveillance indicators for the 13 project oblasts.



This publication was prepared as part of the project "Strengthening HIV Treatment, Laboratory Services, Medication Assisted Therapy, and Program Monitoring in Ukraine under the US President's Emergency Plan for AIDS Relief (PEPFAR)."

Thank you for your attention and active participation in this important effort!

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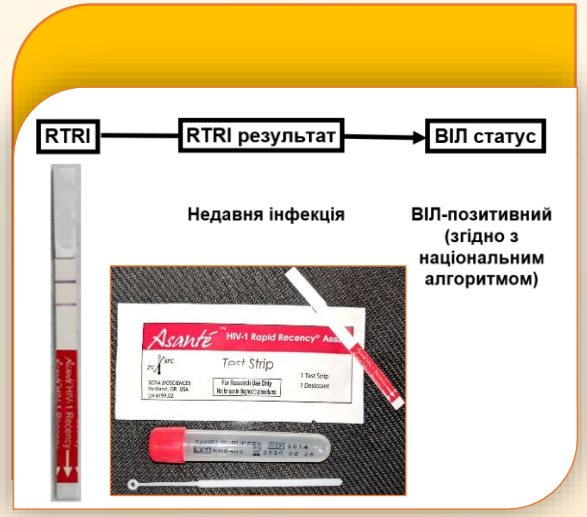
Project Analytical and Educational Products, Team 39

List of Abbreviations

ART	Antiretroviral Therapy
EQA	External Quality Assessment of laboratory testing
HCF	Healthcare Facility
HS	"Hotspot" in the system of surveillance of recent HIV infection
HTS	HIV Testing Services
IT	Index testing
MSM	Men Who Have Sex with Men
NGO	Non-Governmental Organization
PHR for HIV	People at Higher Risk for HIV
PITC	Provider-Initiated Testing and Counseling
PLHIV	People Living with HIV
PrEP	Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis
Prisoners	People in Prisons (In the project – mainly people released from penitentiary institutions)
PWCS	People Who Engage in Commercial Sex
PWID	People Who Inject Drugs
RHI	Recent HIV Infection
RITA	Recent Infection Testing Algorithm
RNA	Ribonucleic Acid
RTRI	Rapid Test for Recent Infection
SN	Social Networks
STIs	Sexually Transmitted Infections
VCT	Voluntary Counseling and Testing (client-initiated)

What is Recent HIV Infection (RHI)?

- It is an HIV infection that occurred relatively recently, usually **within the last 12 months**.
- Detection of RHI is important for understanding the **dynamics and speed of epidemic development**, identifying territories and population groups with active HIV transmission, and implementing timely public health measures.
- In Ukraine, RHI surveillance has been conducted since late 2020 among individuals aged 18 and older who are newly diagnosed with HIV and are antiretroviral therapy-naïve.
- RHI surveillance is implemented as part of routine HIV testing services (HTS) exclusively in healthcare facilities (HCF).
- In Ukraine, RHI is determined using the following algorithm (RITA – Recent Infection Testing Algorithm):
  - First, testing is conducted using a **rapid test for RHI (RTRI, Rapid Test for Recent Infection)**, which allows distinguishing recent HIV infection from long-term infection;
  - Next, the **HIV viral load** is measured in the blood of individuals who received a preliminary result suggesting probable RHI. If the RNA count is greater than or equal to 1,000 copies per milliliter of plasma, the case is confirmed as RHI.





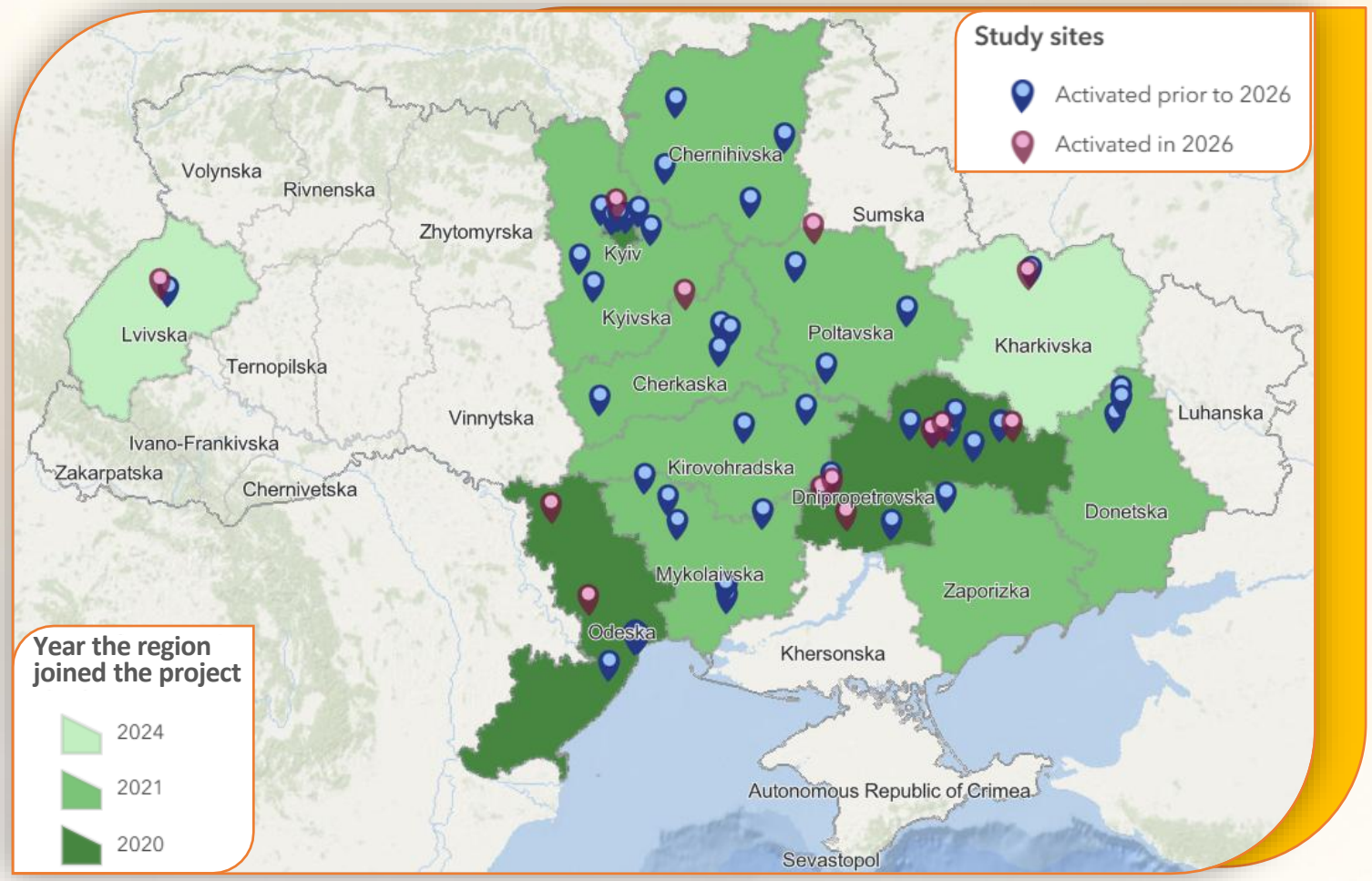
Overall Trends and Implementation Geography

Geographic Implementation of RHI Testing (RTRI) in Ukraine as of October 1, 2026

In 2026, the RHI testing network comprised 68 healthcare facility-based HTS sites in 13 oblasts (according to protocol v2.19 dated October 20, 2025).

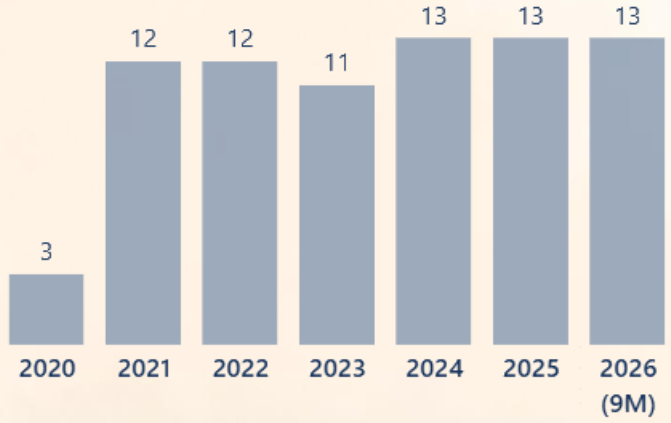
Number of HTS Sites Involved in RHI Testing in Q1–Q3 2026

Dnipropetrovska oblast	17
Kyivska oblast	8
Odeska oblast	8
Mykolaivska oblast	7
Cherkaska oblast	5
Donetska oblast	4
Kyiv City	4
Poltavska oblast	4
Chernihivska oblast	4
Kirovohradska oblast	2
Lvivska oblast	2
Kharkivska oblast	2
Zaporizka oblast	1

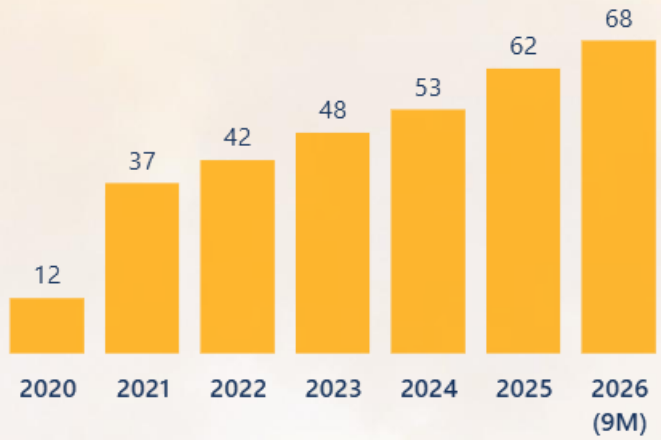


Trends in RHI Testing (RTRI) Implementation, December 2020 – September 2026

Number of oblasts involved in the project



Number of RHI testing sites



Site network: key changes

Discontinued participation in the project due to the full-scale invasion by the russian federation:

- 2022: Khersonska oblast – 3 sites (Kherson – 2, Oleshky – 1).
- 2022: Zaporizka oblast – 2 sites (Vasylivka, Melitopol).
- 2022–2025: Donetska oblast – 4 sites (Mariupol, Pokrovsk, Myrnohrad, Dobropillia).

Discontinued participation in the project for other reasons:

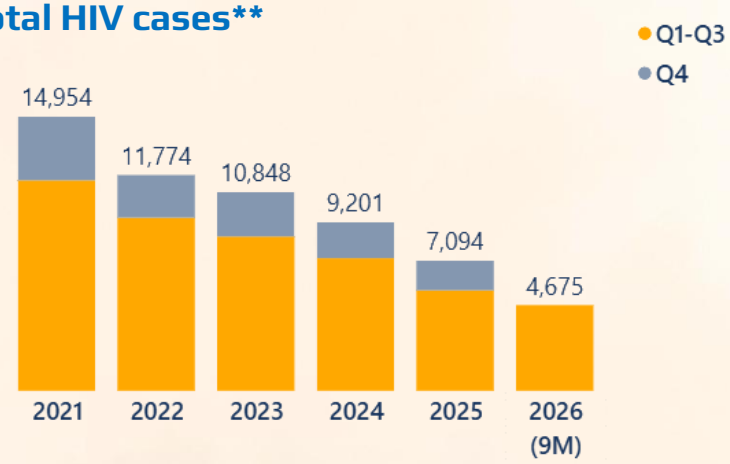
- 2022: Kyiv City (2 sites).
- 2024: Odesa (1 site).
- 2025: 4 sites – Zaporizhzhia, Zinkiv (Poltavska oblast), Borodianka (Kyivska oblast), Odesa.

Joined the project in Q2 2026:

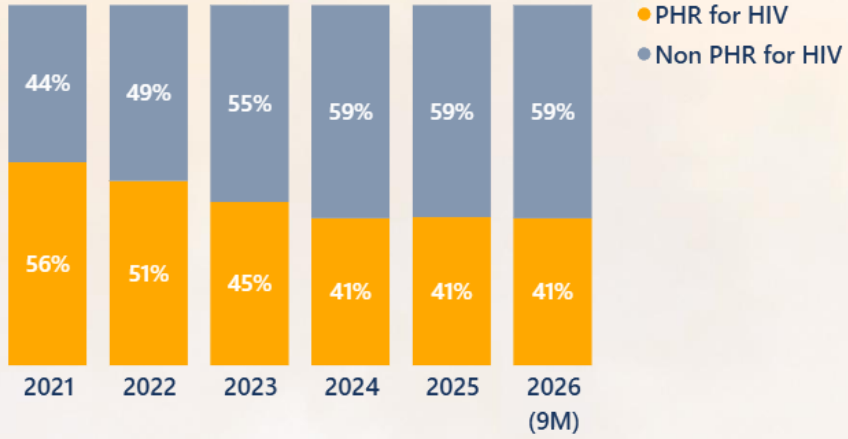
- Dnipropetrovska oblast: 6 sites (Dnipro – 2, Apostolove, Kryvyi Rih, Ternivka, Novomaiske).
- Other oblasts: 7 sites (Kharkiv, Rozdilna, Podilsk, Vyshhorod, Lokhvytsia, Kaniv, Lviv).

Trends and Structure of New HIV Cases in the Project Oblasts (Based on Confirmatory Testing)*

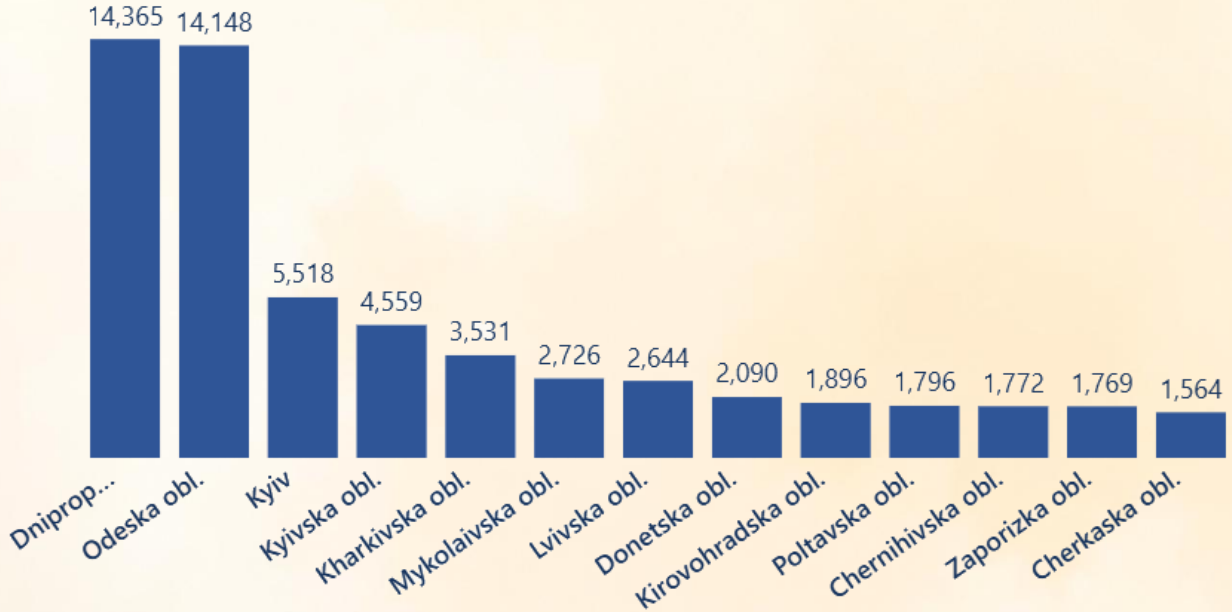
Total HIV cases**



Structure of HIV cases by PHR for HIV***



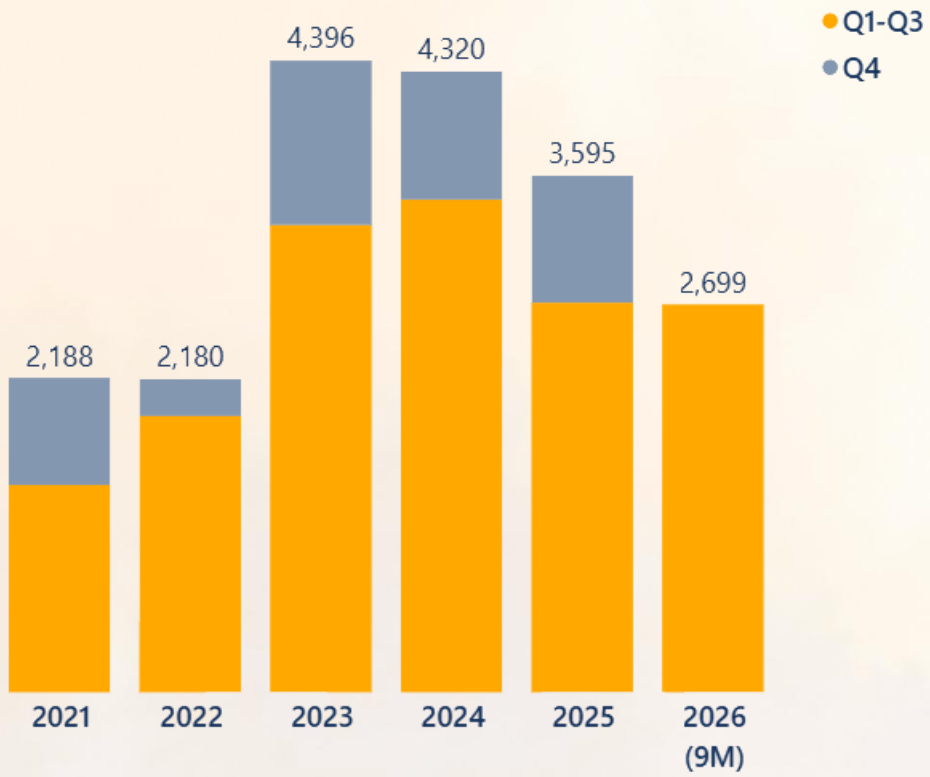
HIV cases by oblast, 2021–2026 (9 months)



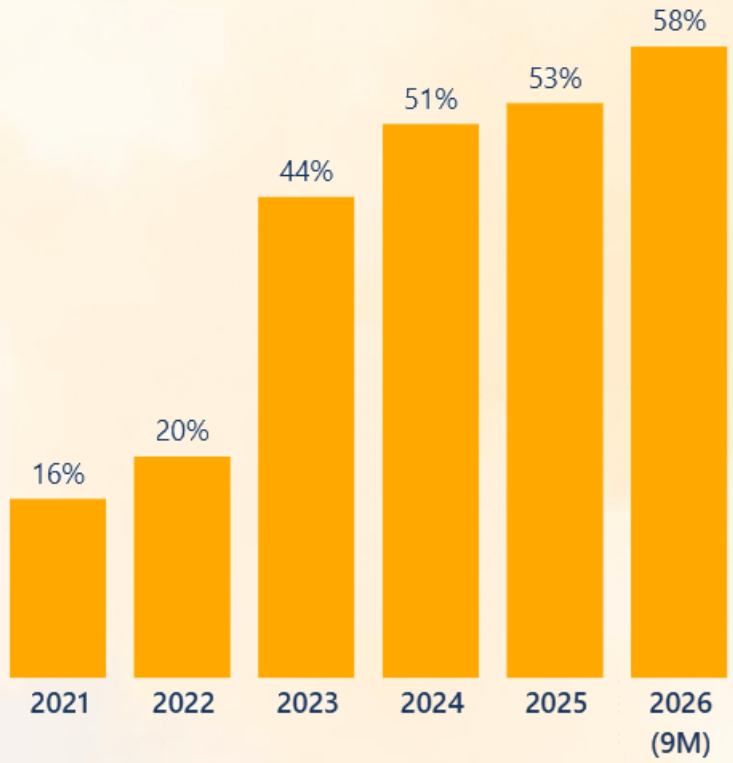
** Data source: Form No. 1 – HIV/AIDS (quarterly report), Table 1000 "Results of Seroepidemiological Monitoring of HIV Infection Spread," excluding codes 107.1 and 113.1 (children aged 0–17).*
*** Annual totals include Khersonska oblast for the period of its participation in the project.*
**** By Table 1000 codes: **101** (persons who had sexual contact with HIV-infected individuals); **102** (people who inject drugs); **103** (persons who had homosexual contact with persons of unknown HIV status); **105** (persons with risky sexual behavior); **112** (persons in places of detention).*

RHI Testing (RTRI) Volumes and Coverage in the Project Oblasts

RHI testing volumes



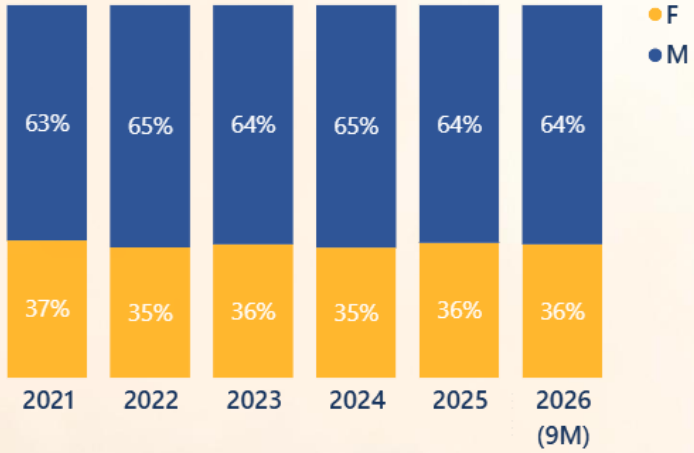
RHI testing coverage (%)



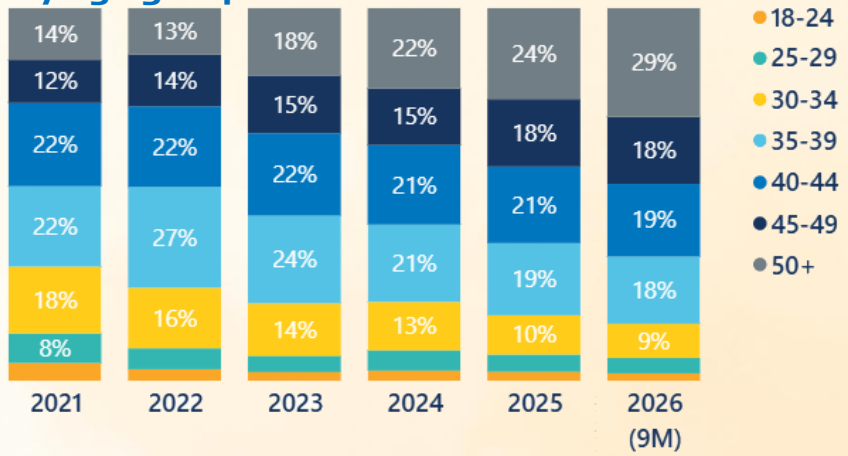
$$\text{RHI testing coverage} = \frac{\text{Number of individuals tested for RHI (RTRI)}}{\text{Number of New HIV Cases registered in IS MSSD}} \times 100\%$$

Breakdown of Individuals Tested for RHI (RTRI) in the Project Oblasts

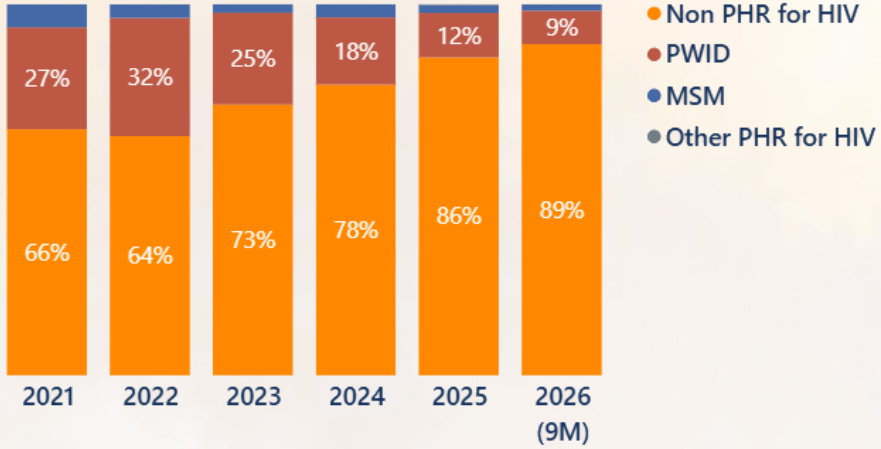
By sex, 2021–2026



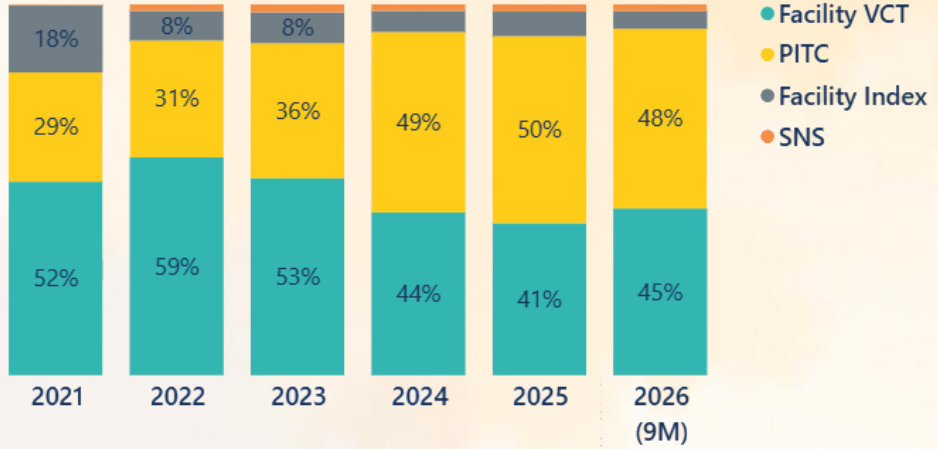
By age group



By risk group

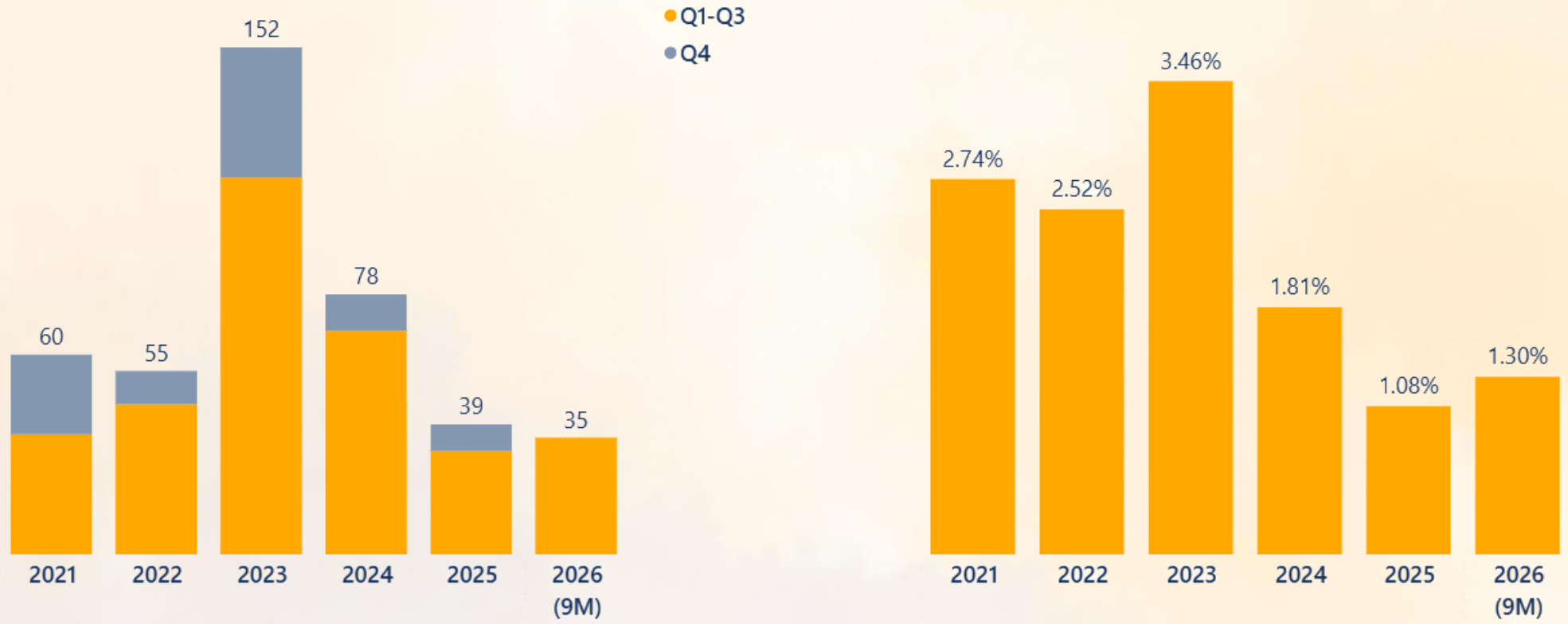


By testing modality



RHI Testing Results (RITA) in the Project Oblasts

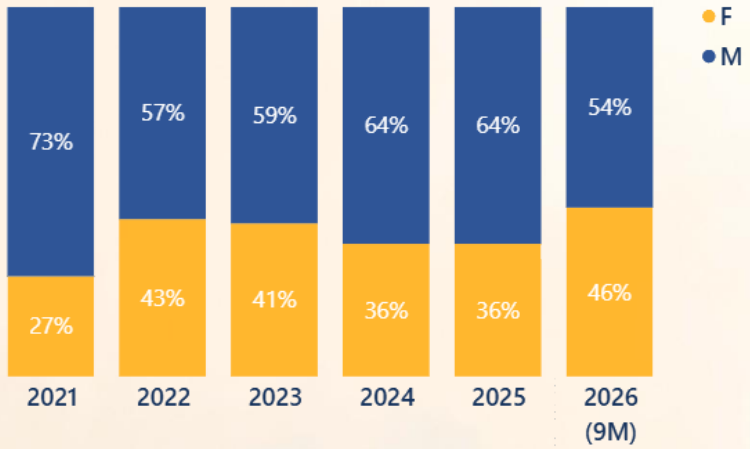
Annual trends in RHI case detection and % RHI*



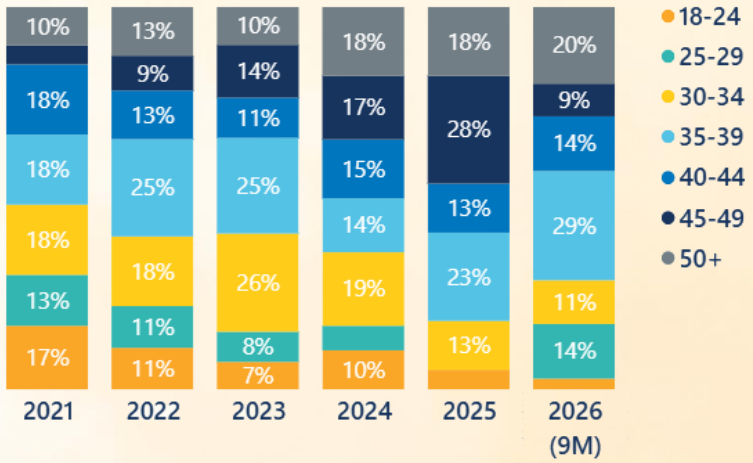
$$* \%RHI = \frac{\text{Number of RHI cases (by } RITA)}{\text{Number of individuals tested for RHI } (RTRI)} \times 100\%$$

Structure of RHI Cases in the Project Oblasts

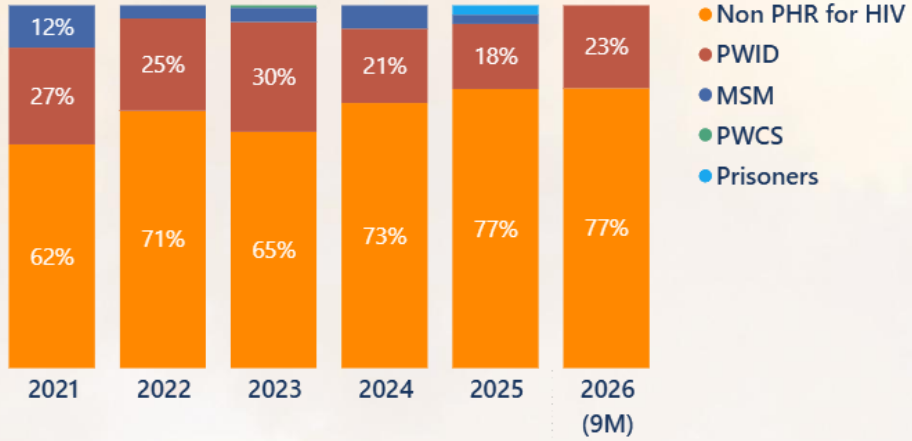
RHI cases by sex



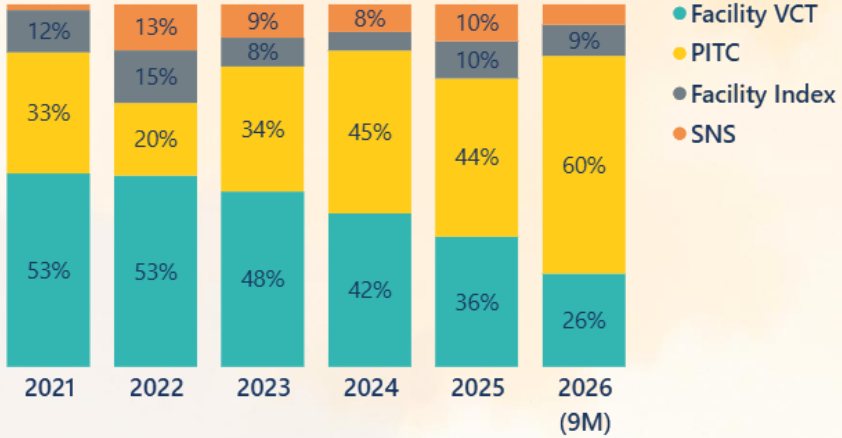
RHI cases by age group



RHI cases by risk group

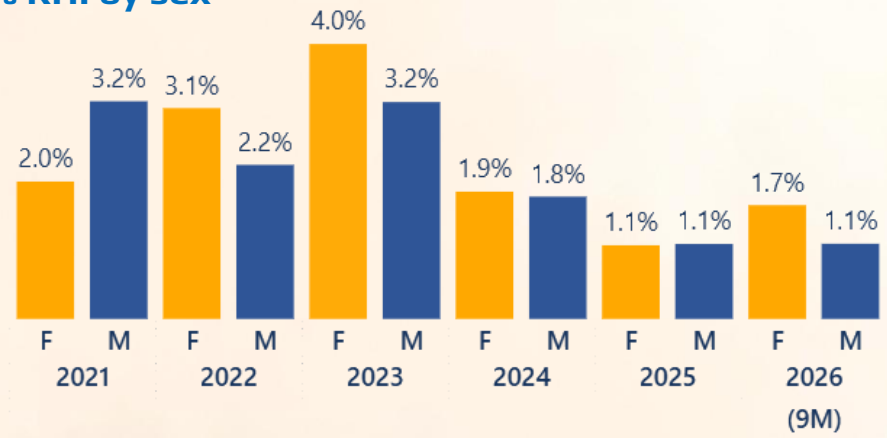


RHI cases by testing modality



RHI Proportion (by RITA) Stratified by Population Characteristics in the Project Oblasts

% RHI by sex



% RHI by age group

Age	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
50+	1.98%	2.56%	1.88%	1.50%	0.80%	0.89%
45-49	1.18%	1.66%	3.08%	1.98%	1.69%	0.62%
40-44	2.25%	1.48%	1.65%	1.30%	0.68%	0.95%
35-39	2.34%	2.39%	3.68%	1.23%	1.29%	2.06%
30-34	2.81%	2.82%	6.33%	2.67%	1.33%	1.62%
25-29	4.60%	4.92%	6.25%	2.12%		4.46%
18-24	9.52%	8.70%	10.38%	6.61%	2.25%	1.82%

% RHI by risk group

PHR for HIV	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Non PHR for HIV	2.56%	2.79%	3.10%	1.69%	0.98%	1.12%
PWID	2.67%	2.02%	4.25%	2.05%	1.63%	3.29%
MSM	5.15%	2.53%	5.88%	3.27%	1.28%	
PWCS			5.00%			
Prisoners					12.50%	

% RHI by testing modality

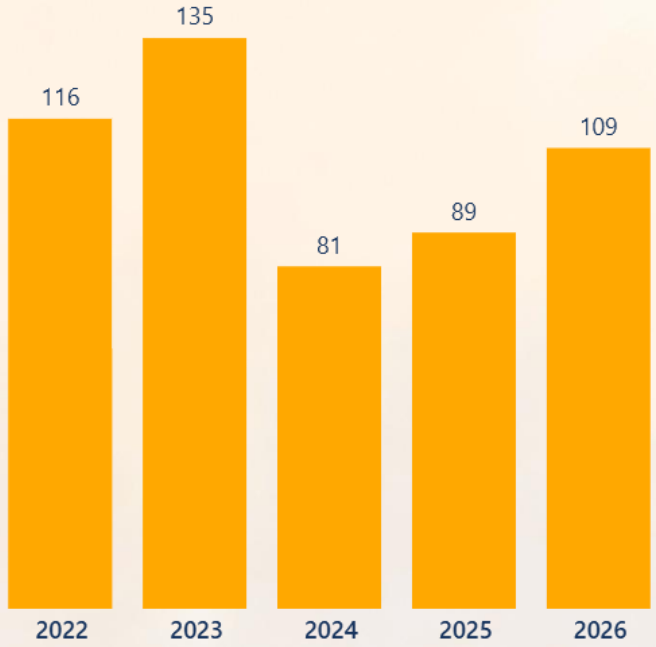
Modalities	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Facility VCT	2.80%	2.27%	3.17%	1.74%	0.95%	0.74%
PITC	3.11%	1.60%	3.26%	1.67%	0.94%	1.61%
Facility Index	1.77%	4.60%	3.29%	1.63%	1.68%	2.34%
SNS	14.29%	17.50%	14.14%	7.59%	5.48%	3.85%

$$* \%RHI = \frac{\text{Number of RHI cases (by } RITA)}{\text{Number of individuals tested for RHI } (RTRI)} \times 100\%$$

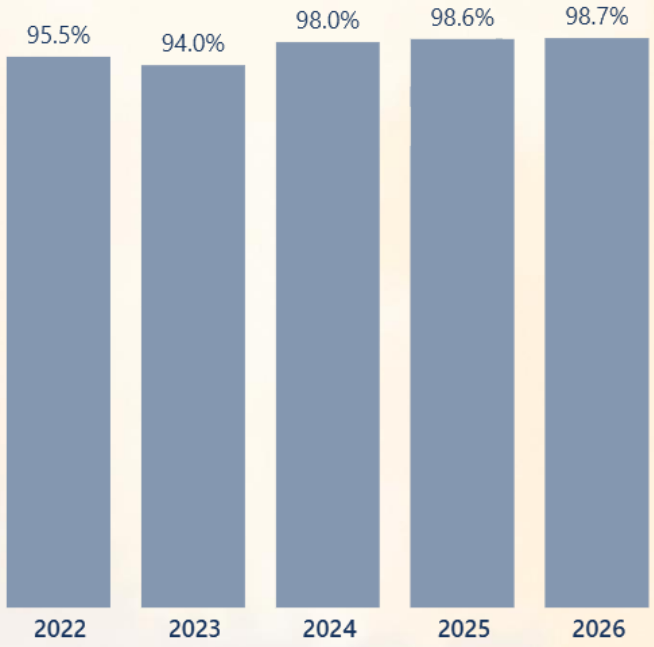
Quality of RHI Testing (RTRI)

Results of the External Quality Assessment (EQA) Program for Laboratory Detection of RHI Cases

Number of participants



Accuracy*, %



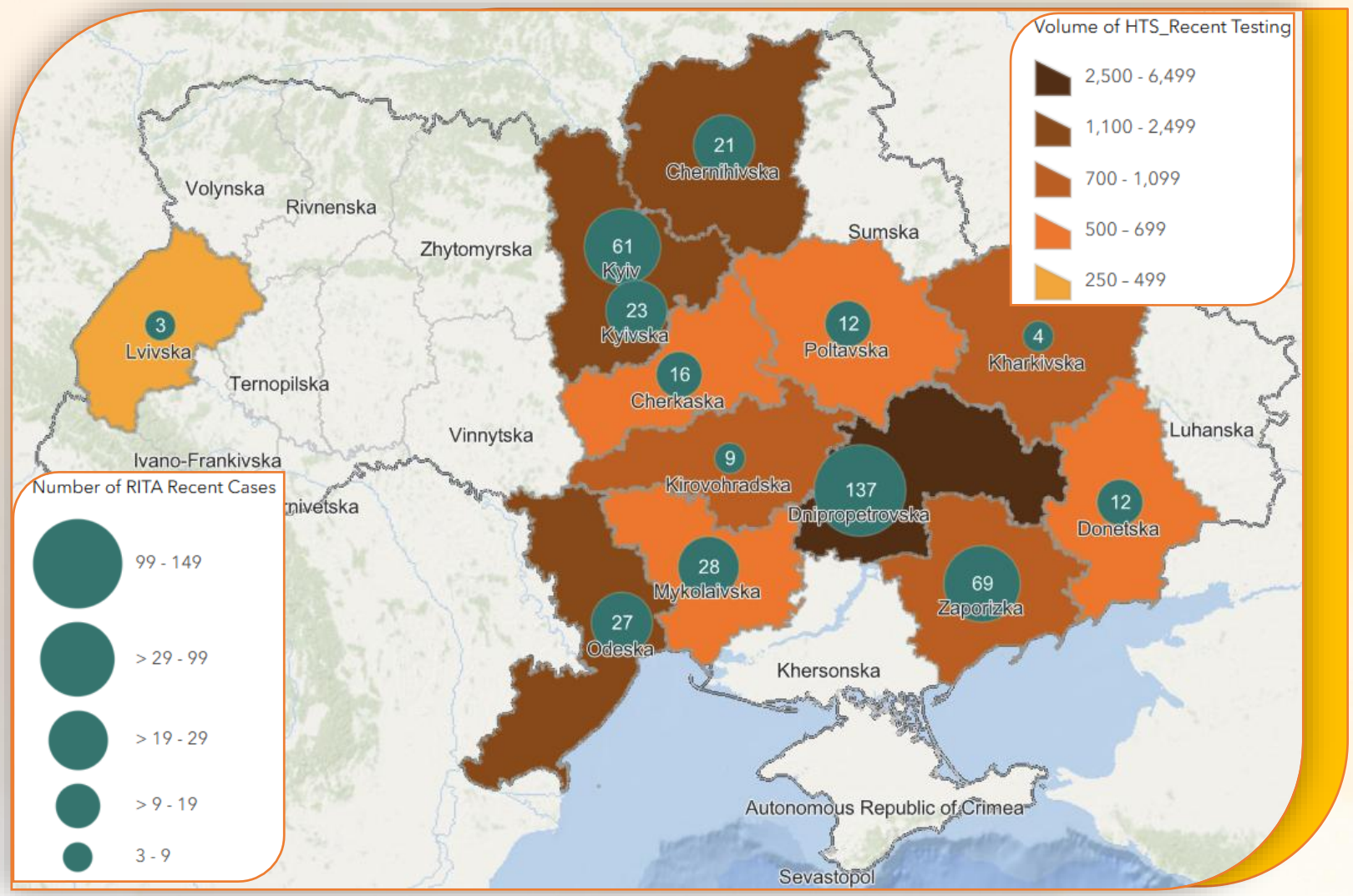


An EQA of laboratory testing, “Detection of Recent HIV Infection Using the Asanté™ HIV-1 Rapid Recency® Assay,” is conducted annually; its results confirm the high accuracy of RTRI testing (98.7% in 2026). In addition, site staff perform internal quality control every month.

** Accuracy (%) is calculated as the ratio of correctly identified control panel samples to the total number of samples in the panel*

Regional Overview

Volumes of Testing (RTRI) and Detection of RHI Cases (RITA) by Oblast (December 2020–September 2026)

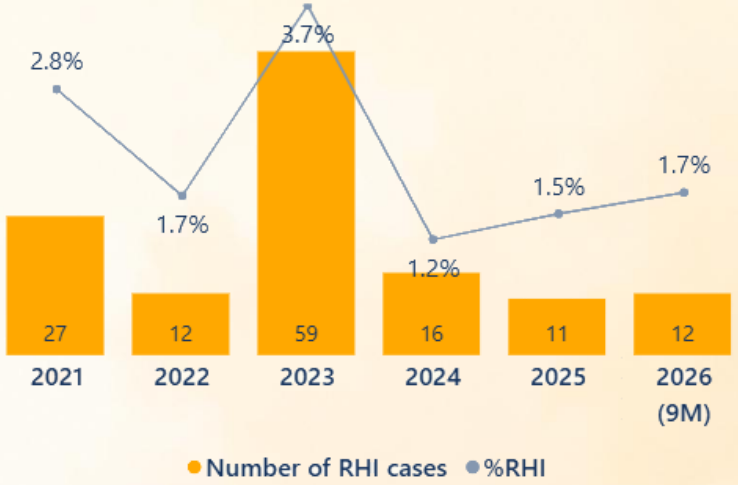


Dnipropetrovska oblast

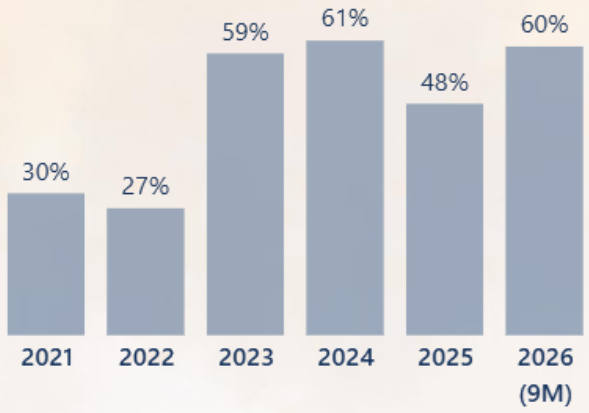
RHI testing (RTRI) volumes



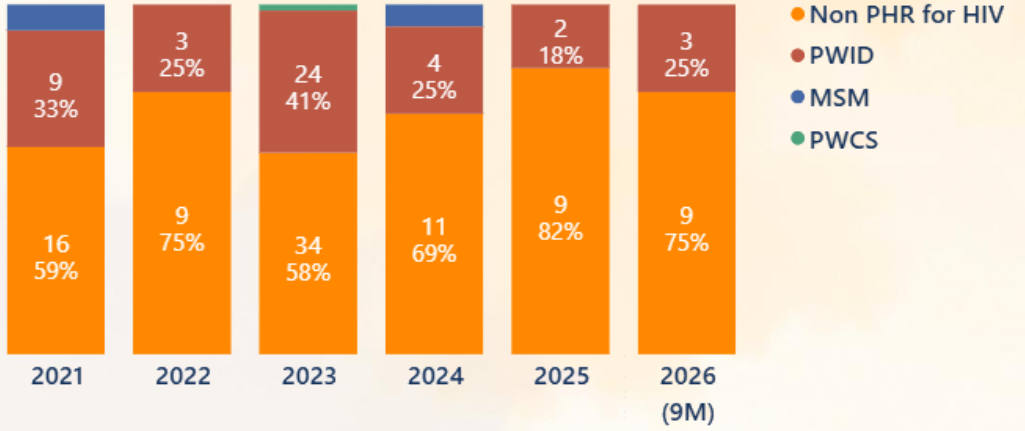
Number and % of RHI cases (by RITA)



RHI testing (RTRI) coverage, %

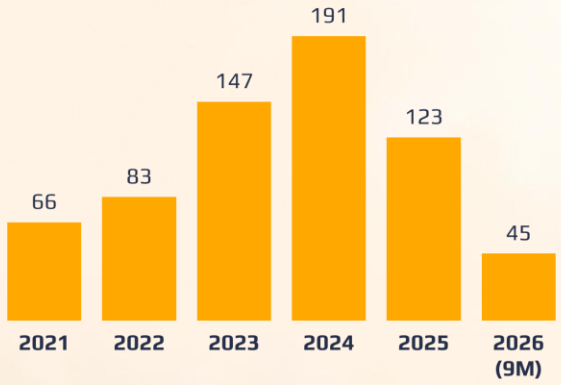


Number and structure of RHI cases (by RITA) by risk group

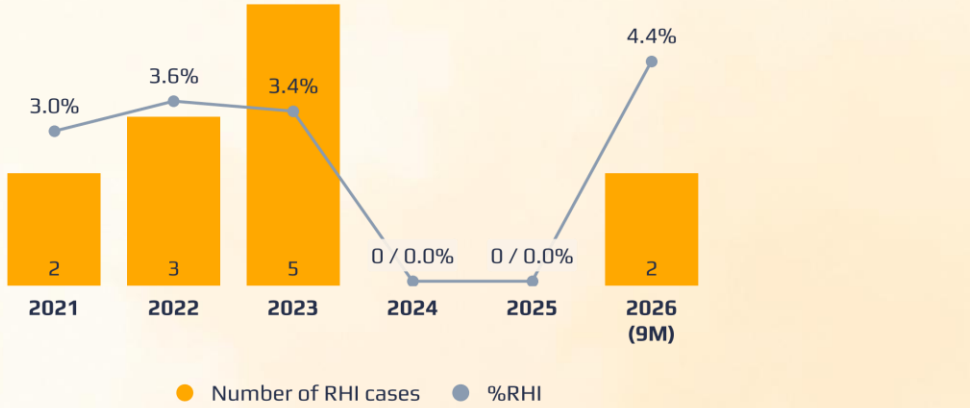


Donetska oblast

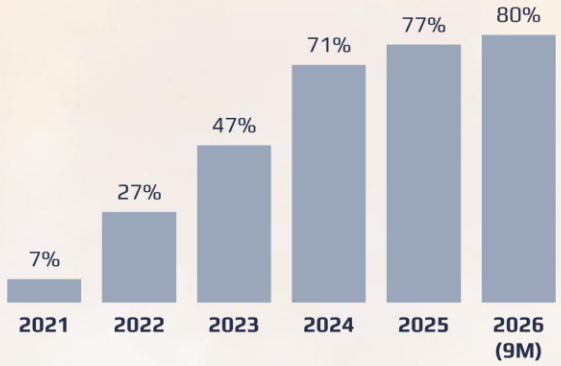
RHI testing (RTRI) volumes



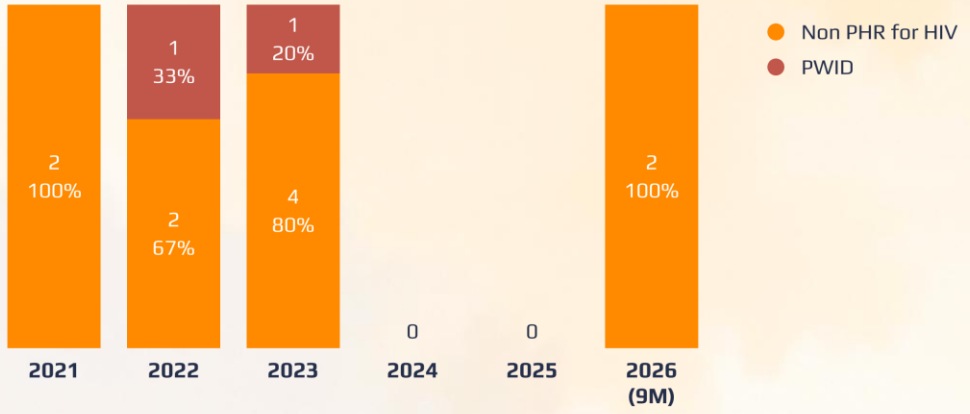
Number and % of RHI cases (by RITA)



RHI testing (RTRI) coverage, %

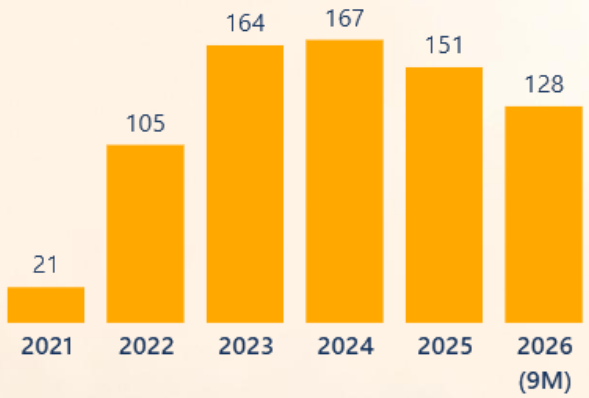


Number and structure of RHI cases (by RITA) by risk group

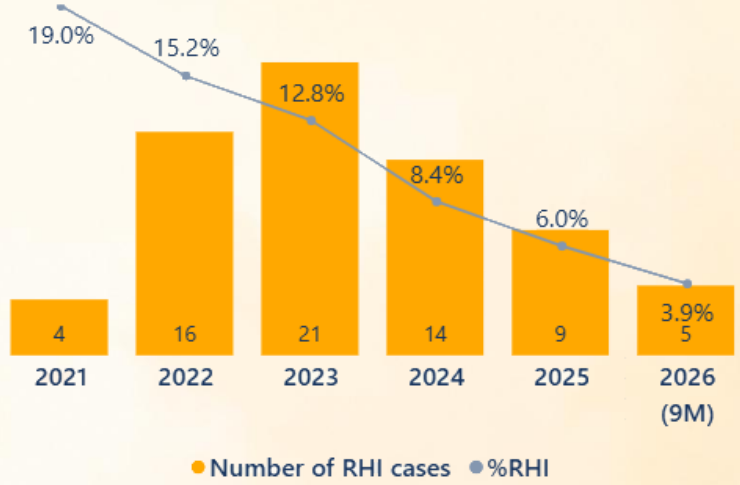


Zaporizka oblast

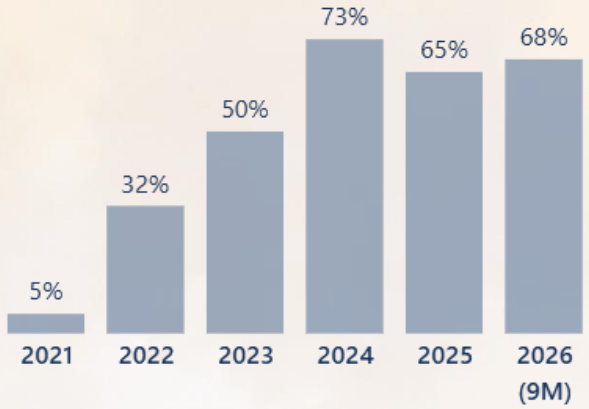
RHI testing (RTRI) volumes



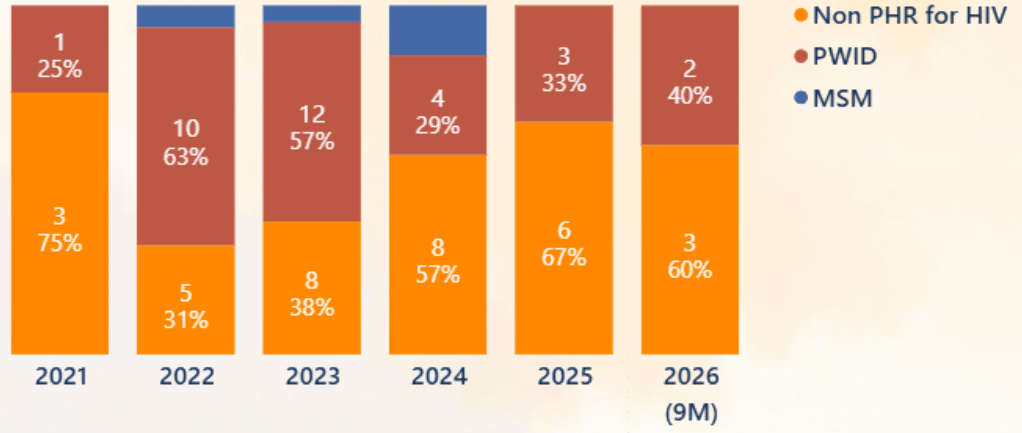
Number and % of RHI cases (by RITA)



RHI testing (RTRI) coverage, %

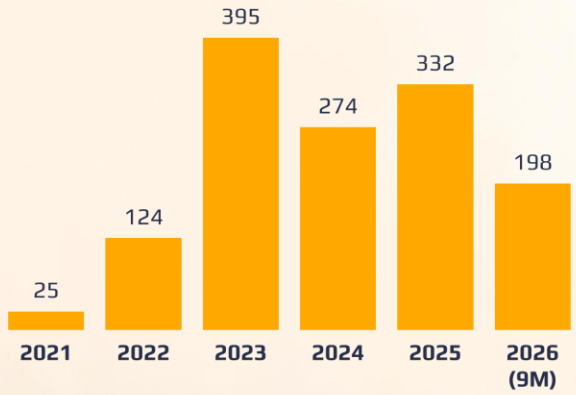


Number and structure of RHI cases (by RITA) by risk group

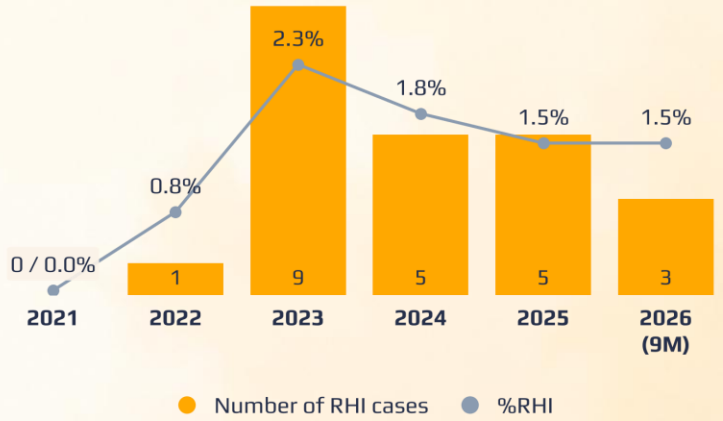


Kyivska oblast

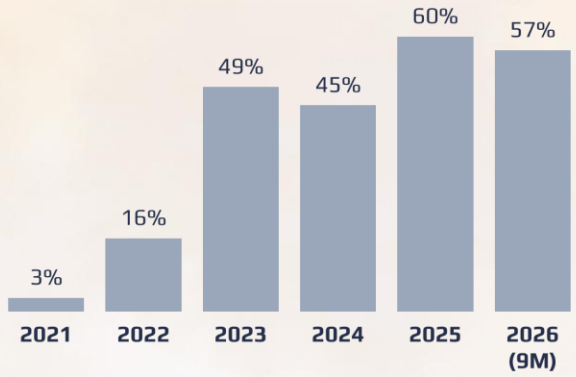
RHI testing (RTRI) volumes



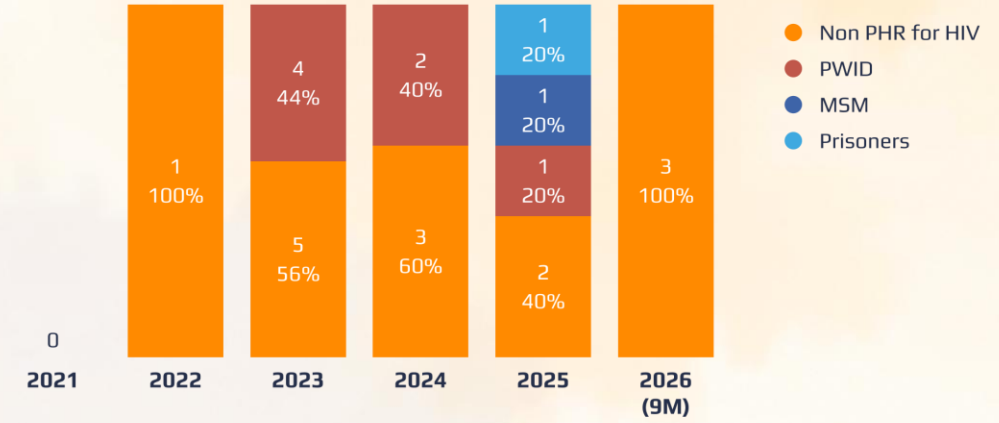
Number and % of RHI cases (by RITA)



RHI testing (RTRI) coverage, %

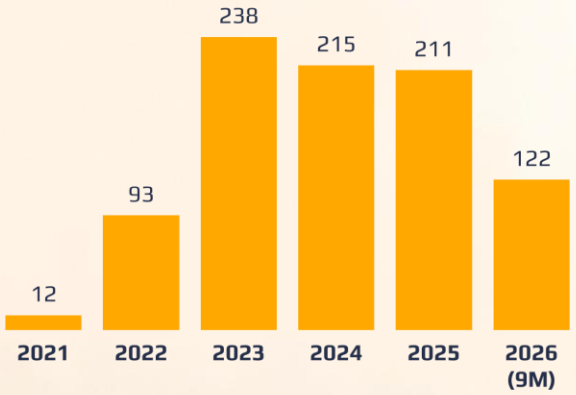


Number and structure of RHI cases (by RITA) by risk group

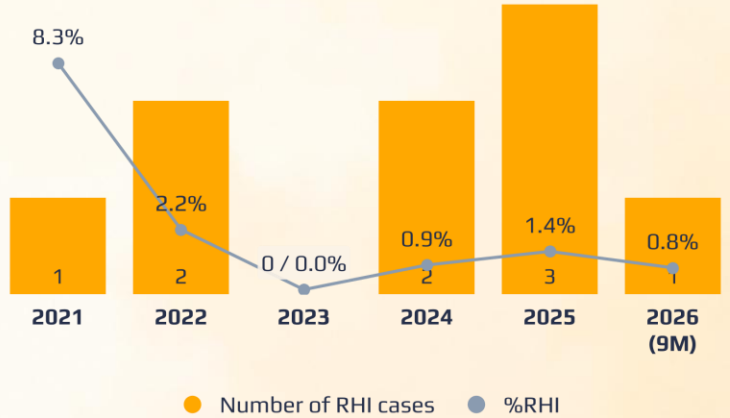


Kirovohradska oblast

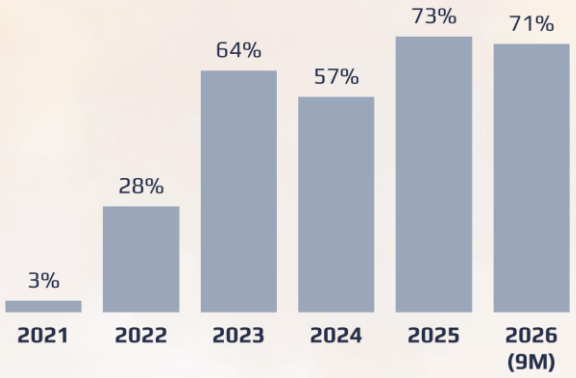
RHI testing (RTRI) volumes



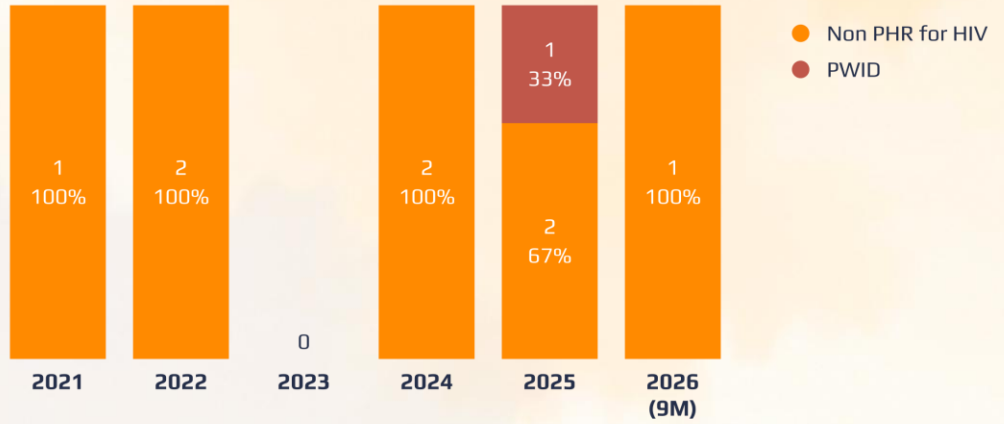
Number and % of RHI cases (by RITA)



RHI testing (RTRI) coverage, %

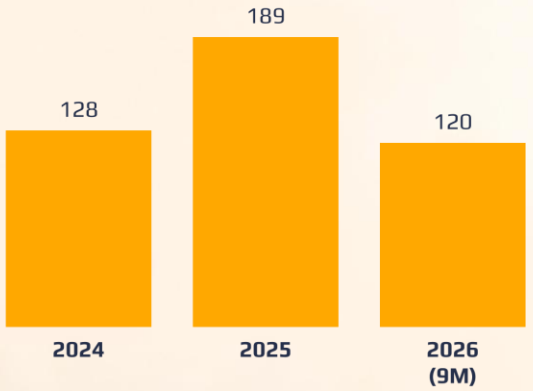


Number and structure of RHI cases (by RITA) by risk group

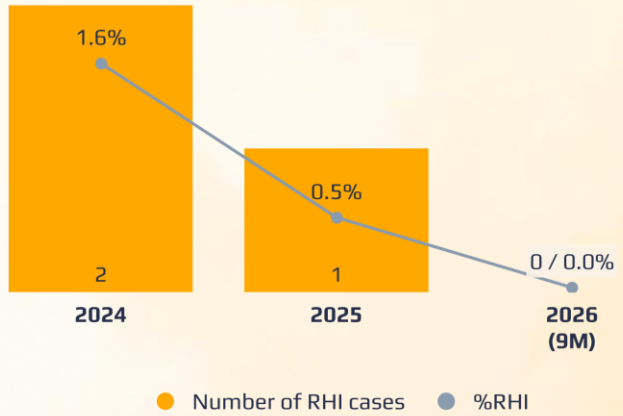


Lvivska oblast

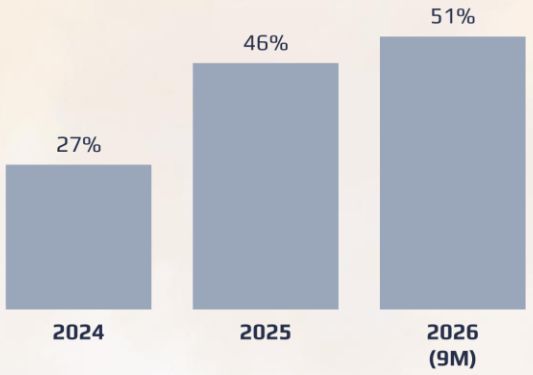
RHI testing (RTRI) volumes



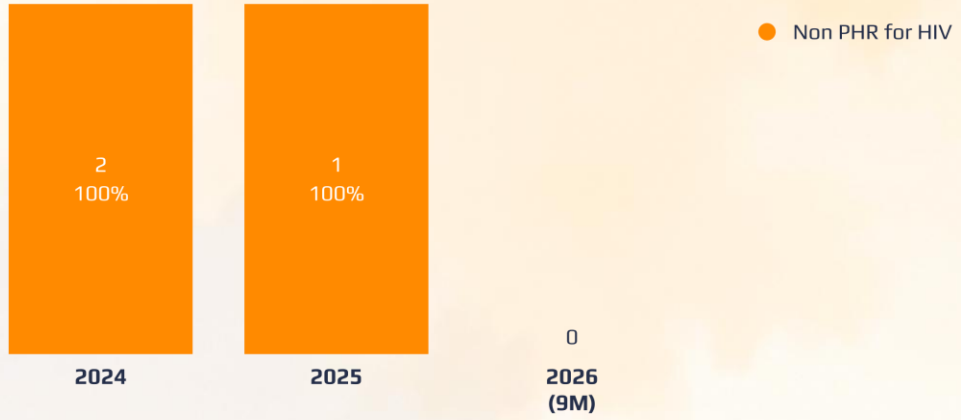
Number and % of RHI cases (by RITA)



RHI testing (RTRI) coverage, %

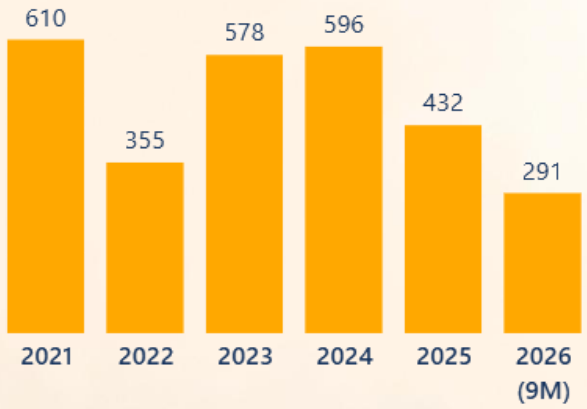


Number and structure of RHI cases (by RITA) by risk group

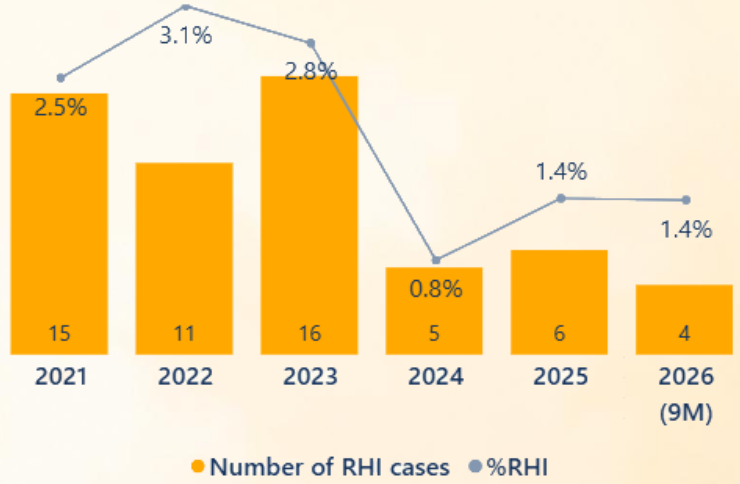


Kyiv City

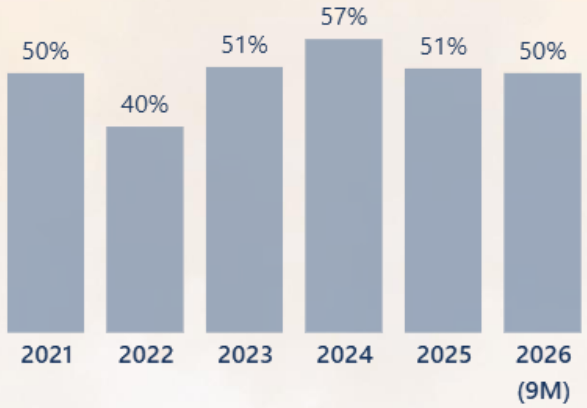
RHI testing (RTRI) volumes



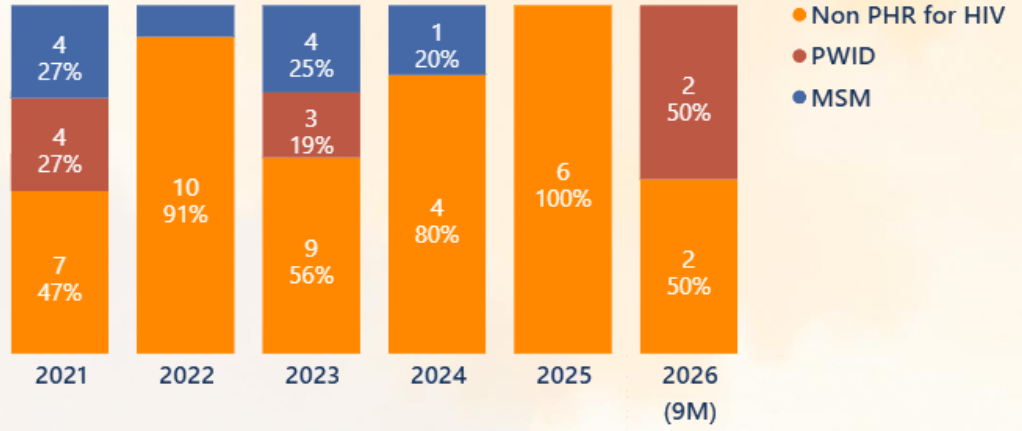
Number and % of RHI cases (by RITA)



RHI testing (RTRI) coverage, %

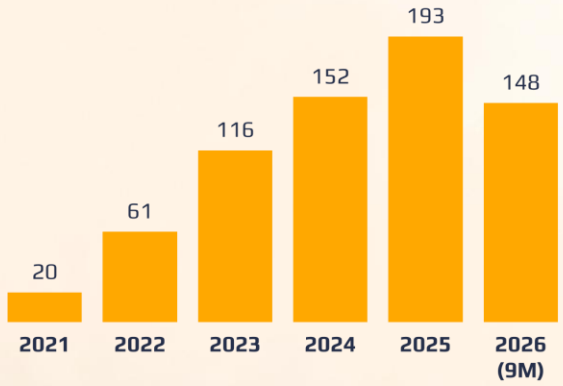


Number and structure of RHI cases (by RITA) by risk group

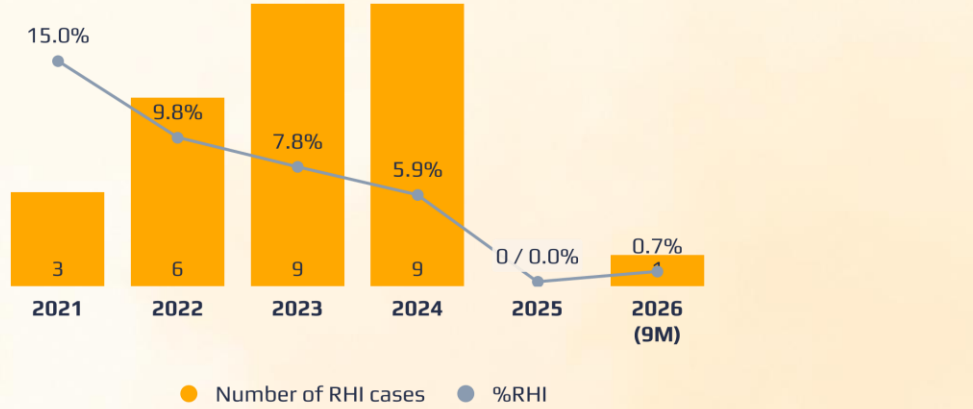


Mykolaivska oblast

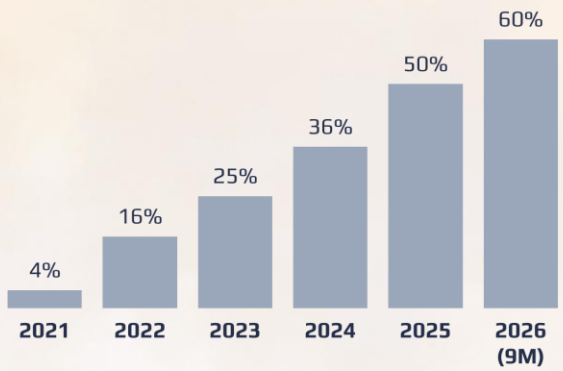
RHI testing (RTRI) volumes



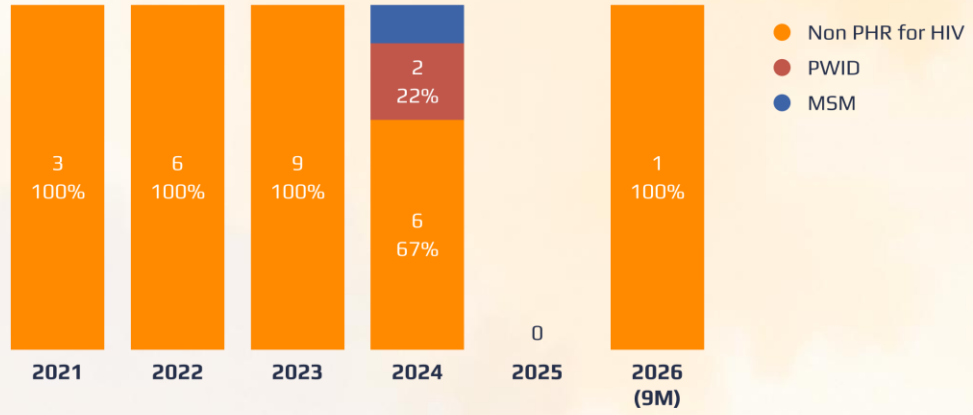
Number and % of RHI cases (by RITA)



RHI testing (RTRI) coverage, %

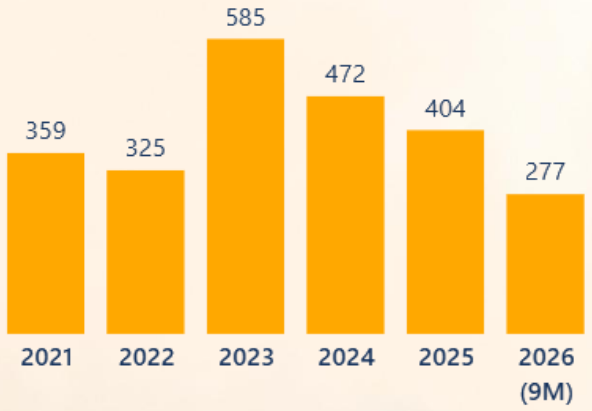


Number and structure of RHI cases (by RITA) by risk group

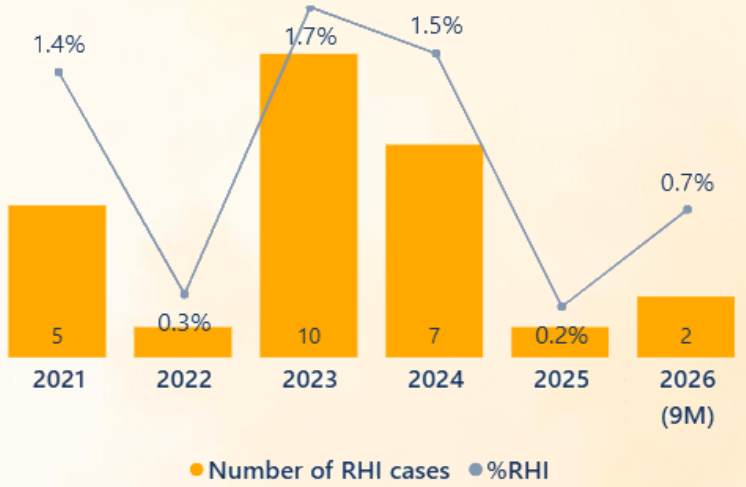


Odeska oblast

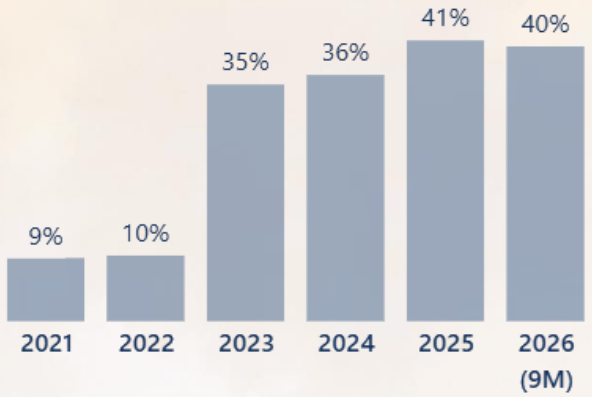
RHI testing (RTRI) volumes



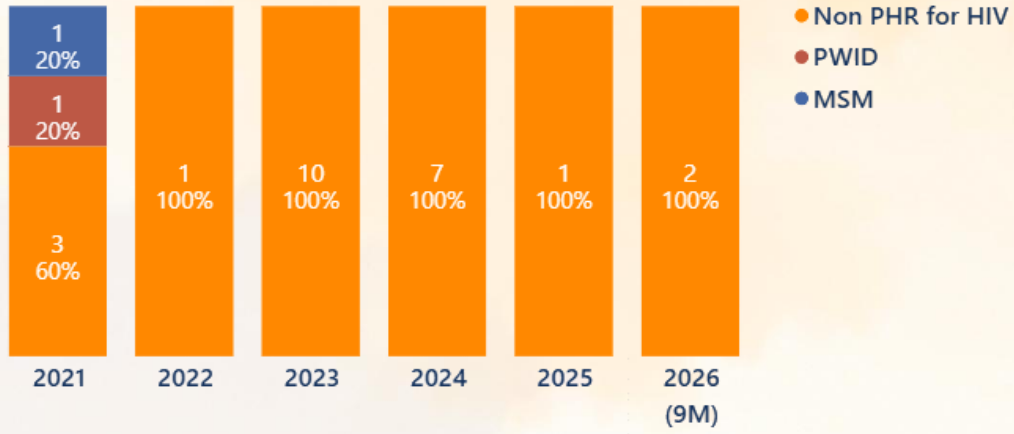
Number and % of RHI cases (by RITA)



RHI testing (RTRI) coverage, %

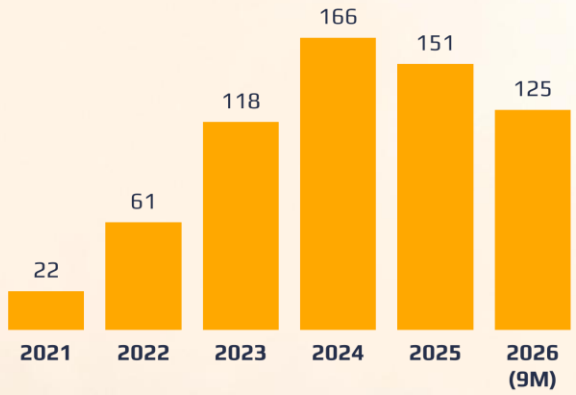


Number and structure of RHI cases (by RITA) by risk group

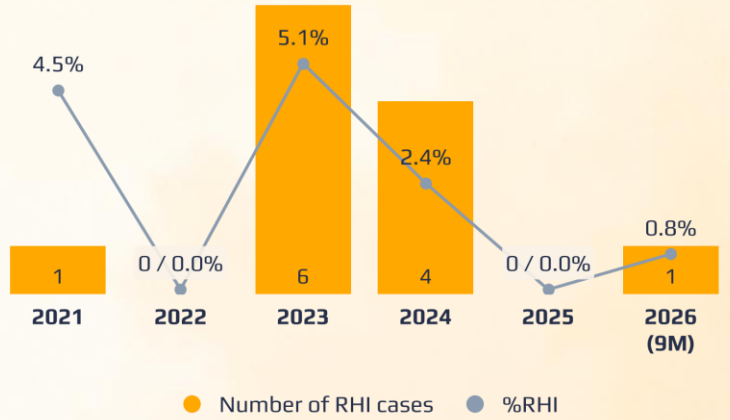


Poltavska oblast

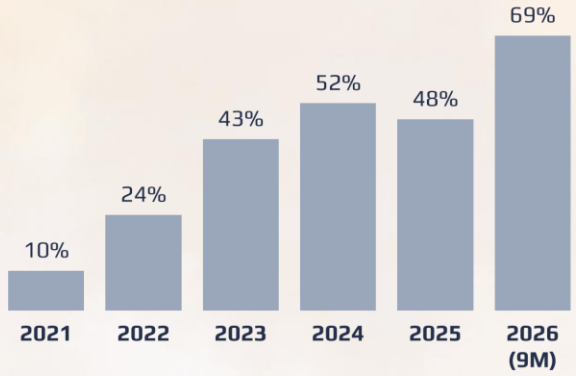
RHI testing (RTRI) volumes



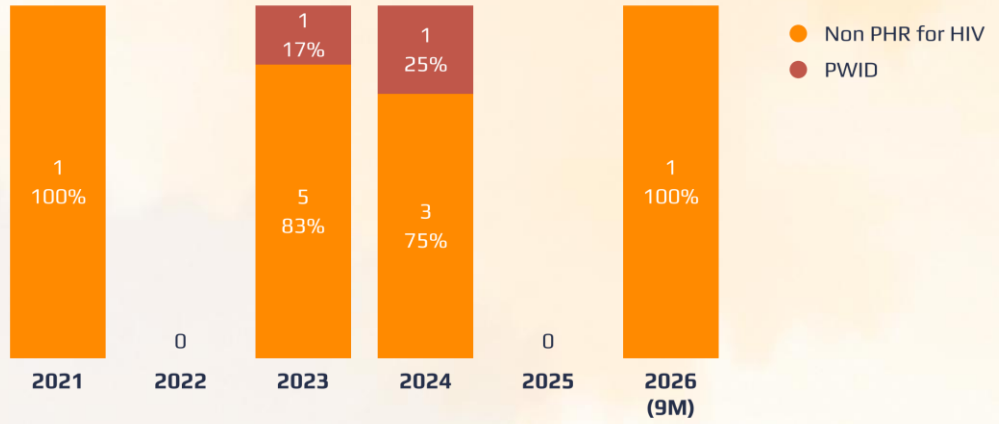
Number and % of RHI cases (by RITA)



RHI testing (RTRI) coverage, %

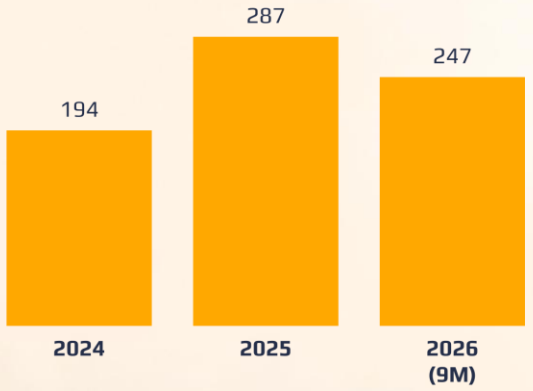


Number and structure of RHI cases (by RITA) by risk group

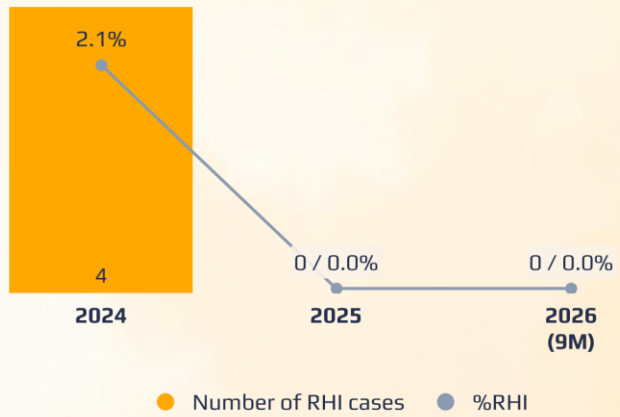


Kharkivska oblast

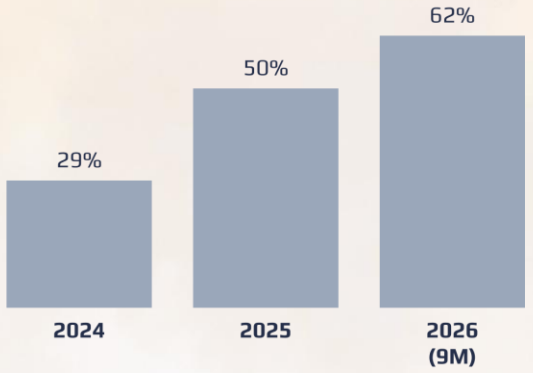
RHI testing (RTRI) volumes



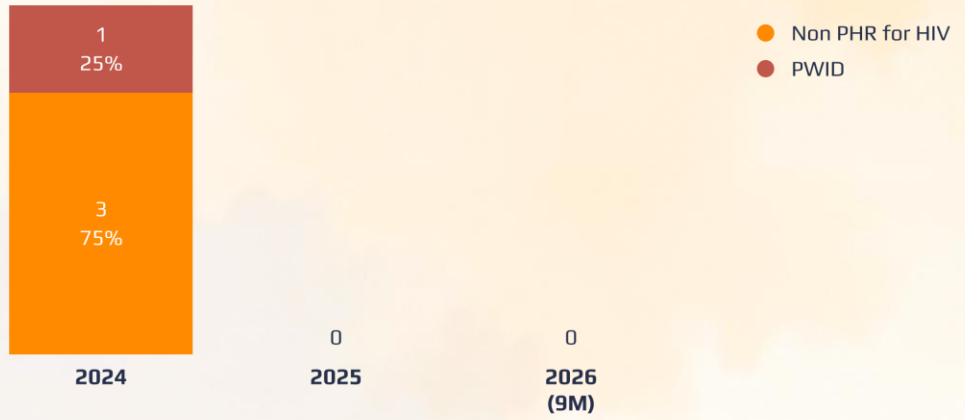
Number and % of RHI cases (by RITA)



RHI testing (RTRI) coverage, %

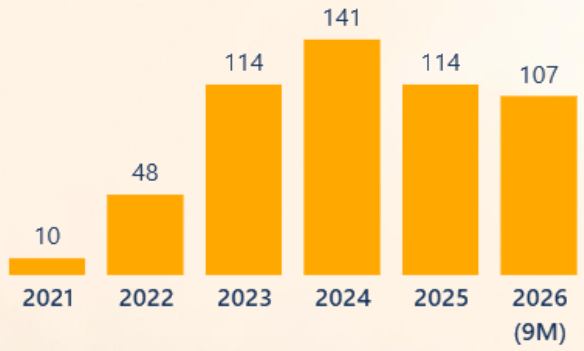


Number and structure of RHI cases (by RITA) by risk group

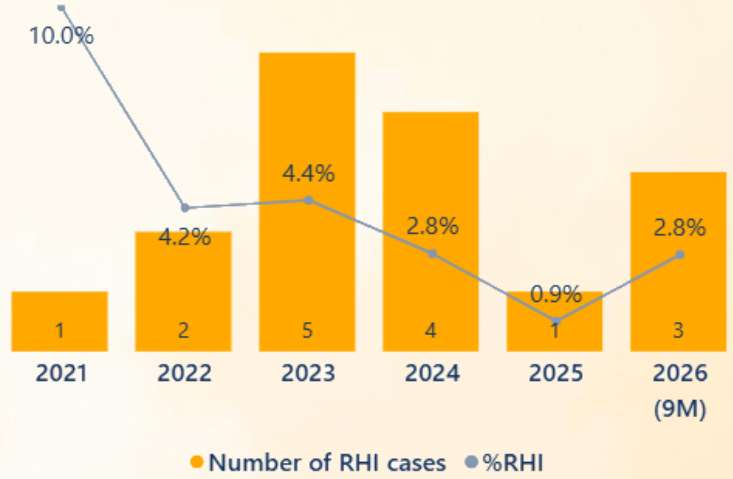


Cherkaska oblast

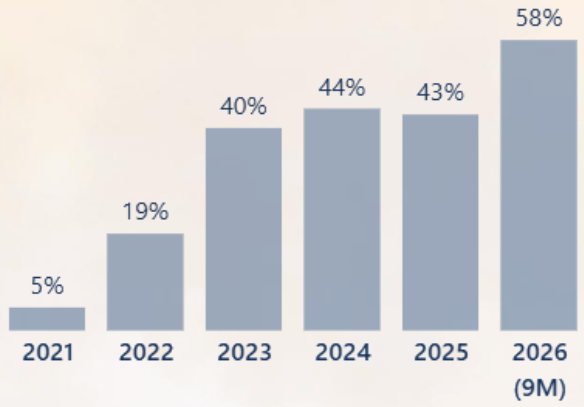
RHI testing (RTRI) volumes



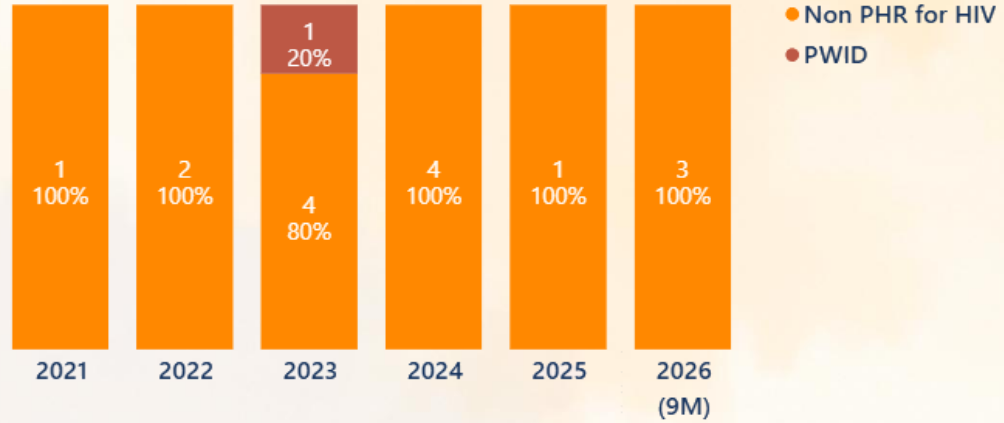
Number and % of RHI cases (by RITA)



RHI testing (RTRI) coverage, %

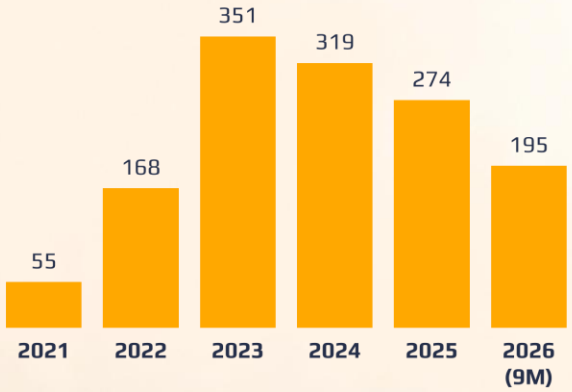


Number and structure of RHI cases (by RITA) by risk group

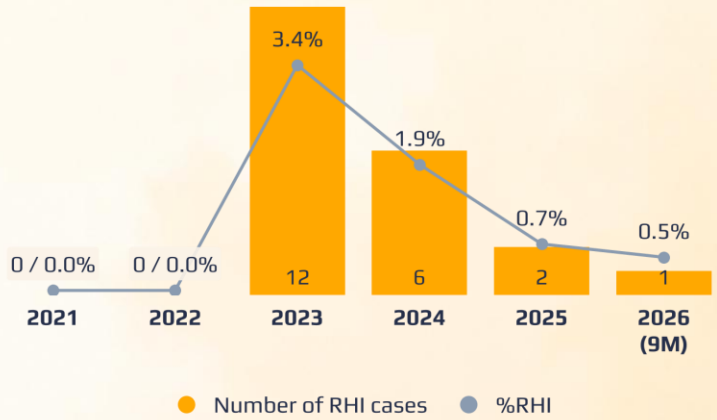


Chernihivska oblast

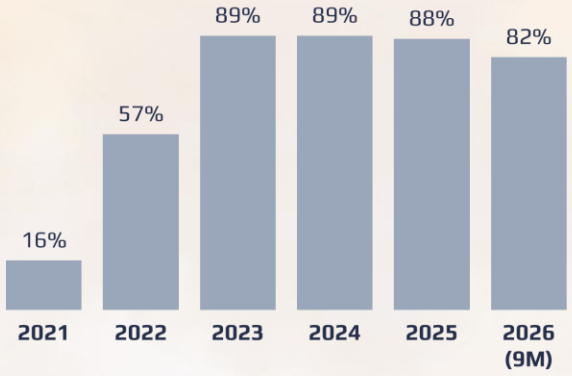
RHI testing (RTRI) volumes



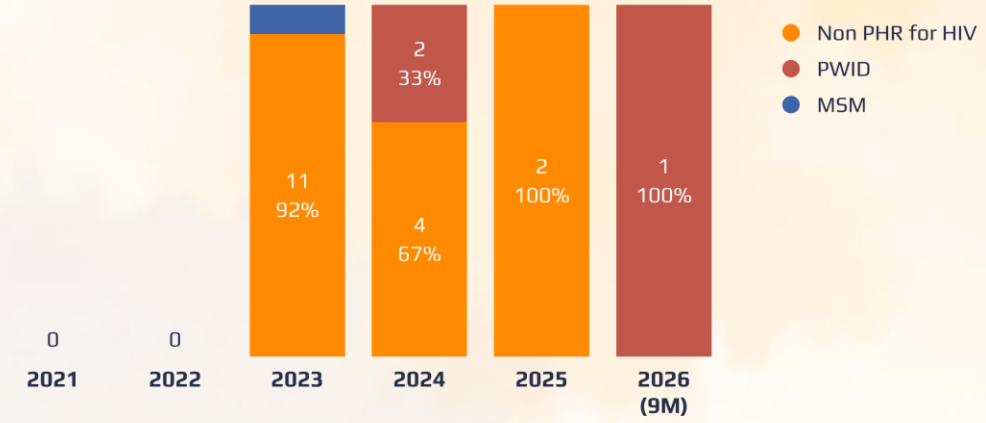
Number and % of RHI cases (by RITA)



RHI testing (RTRI) coverage, %



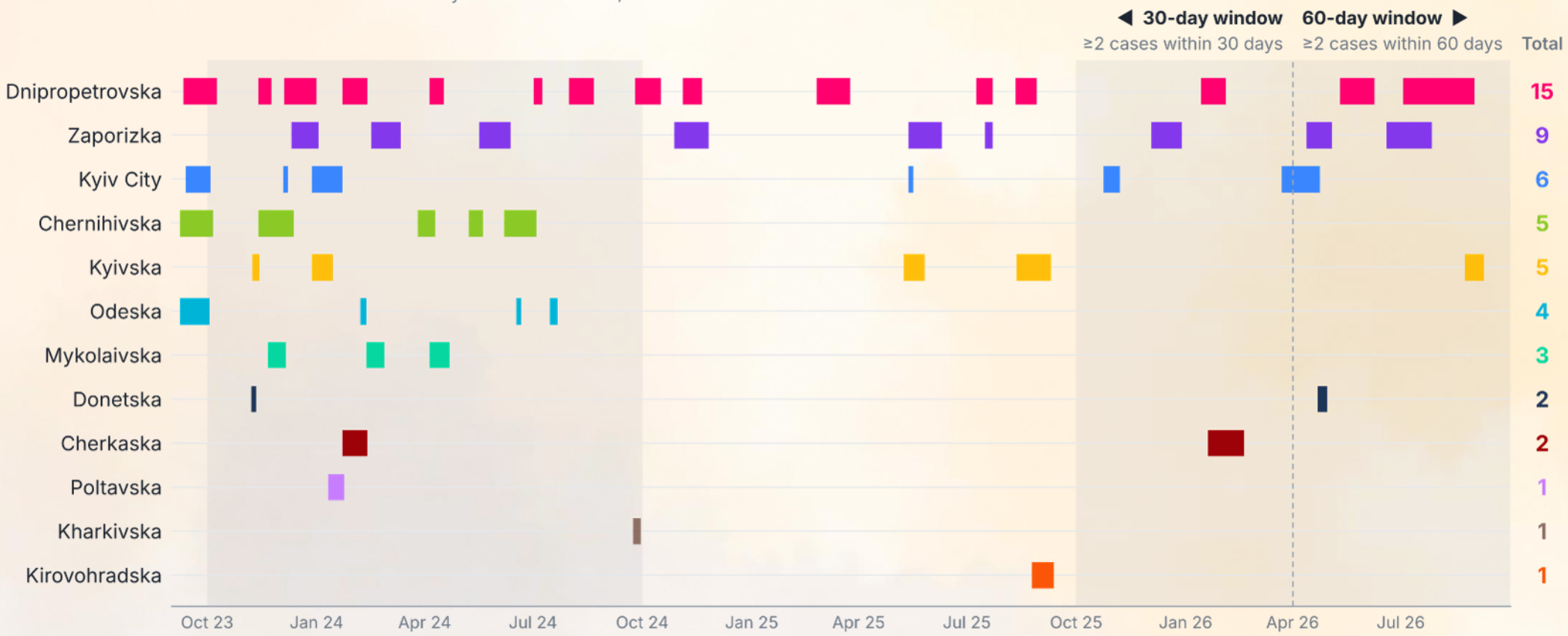
Number and structure of RHI cases (by RITA) by risk group



Response to Recent HIV Infection

“Hotspots” in RHI Surveillance: October 2023 – September 2026

Windows are counted backwards from the latest case; bar = earliest to latest case in the window.



Number and structure of RHI cases in hotspots by risk group

32 42%	22 29%	16 21%	3 4%	2 3%	1 1%
non-PHR for HIV	PWID	partners of PLHIV	MSM	partners of PWID	prisoners

Response to Recent HIV Infection: from Data Collection to Response Plans

December 2020 – September 2023

Building the RHI surveillance system

RHI testing, data collection, and verification processes were set up in the IS MSSD.

October 2023 – September 2024

Hotspots in RHI surveillance

The hotspot concept was developed; hotspot registration and monitoring began.

October 2024 – September 2025

In-depth analysis of RHI cases

- The Hotspot Monitoring Tool and the Report on the Analysis of RHI Cases were introduced.
- A triangulation analysis using RHI surveillance data was conducted in Dnipropetrovska, Zaporizka, and Chernihivska oblasts and Kyiv City.

Piloting the RHI response system

- Based on the triangulation analysis, the response system was piloted in four oblasts.
- In August–September 2025, stakeholder meetings on strengthening RHI surveillance and response were held in Zaporizka (August 25) and Dnipropetrovska (September 2) oblasts, Kyiv City (September 8), and Chernihivska oblast (September 23).
- In Zaporizka oblast, the RHI response plan was endorsed by the Oblast Council for Coordinating the Response to TB, HIV, and Other Socially Dangerous Diseases (September 11, 2025).

October 2025 – September 2026

RHI response in two key oblasts

The response is focused on Dnipropetrovska and Zaporizka oblasts.
Zaporizka oblast: implementation of the response plan measures has begun.
Dnipropetrovska oblast: an RHI response action plan was developed with stakeholder participation and endorsed by the Coordinating Council on Tuberculosis and HIV/AIDS (August 13, 2026).

Response to Recent HIV Infection: Key Measures of the Regional Plans

Dnipropetrovska oblast
Action plan for 2026–2027

Index testing. Expand index testing at ART sites that test for recent infection. Conduct index testing at NGOs.

Access to testing. Expand HIV testing in healthcare facilities of all forms of ownership, including distribution of HIV rapid tests to private-sector facilities. Implement all testing modalities. Expand access to HTS for internally displaced persons by increasing the number of NGO mobile clinic visits and improving their routes. Test MAT program patients for HIV.

Prevention. Enroll key and vulnerable populations in pre-exposure prophylaxis, with quarterly retention analysis. Increase PrEP enrollment at the new ART sites in Kryvyi Rih.

Zaporizka oblast
Action plan for 2026

Index testing. Expand index testing at ART sites, including the AIDS Center site. Increase the index partner elicitation rate by 5%. Introduce index testing services in the projects of the CF “100% Life Network. Zaporizhzhia.”

Access to testing. NGO mobile clinic visits to locations where vulnerable populations congregate. Update outreach routes. Introduce HIV triage testing at NGOs for veterans and demobilized persons. Distribute HIV self-test kits to PWID by mail.

Medical follow-up. Prevent loss to follow-up of newly diagnosed HIV-positive military personnel. Engage the CF “Positive Women of Zaporizhzhia” in transporting newly diagnosed HIV patients to the AIDS Center.

Prevention. Enroll NGO clients in PrEP and monitor their retention.

Retention in care. Maintain a registry of PLHIV lost to follow-up who discontinued ART, and return them to treatment with NGO support.

CF – charitable foundation
MAT – medication-assisted therapy

Summary

- **Territorial implementation.** From December 2020 through September 2026, the RHI testing network expanded from 12 sites in three oblasts to 68 sites in 13 oblasts of Ukraine. Despite the full-scale war, RHI surveillance continued without interruption, and RTRI testing was gradually integrated into the routine practice of healthcare facilities of various types: HIV care centers; TB, infectious disease, and multi-specialty hospitals; and primary care facilities.

- **Growth in RHI testing (RTRI) coverage.** RHI testing coverage among people newly diagnosed with HIV rose from 16% in 2021 to 58% in the first 9 months of 2026. Coverage of 50% or more was achieved in 12 of the 13 oblasts, including 60% or more in 8 of them. At the same time, since 2023 the absolute number of RTRI tests has declined alongside the decrease in new HIV diagnoses.

- **Characteristics of individuals tested for RHI (RTRI).** From 2021 through the first 9 months of 2026, men predominated among those tested (63–65%). The proportion of people aged 50 and older rose from 14% to 29%, while the proportion of young people aged 18–29 fell from 12% to 7%. The proportion of PHR for HIV decreased substantially, from 34% to 11%. The main HTS modalities remained self-referral to healthcare facilities (41–59%) and provider-initiated testing (29–50%). Index testing as an entry point accounted for 18% in 2021 and 5–8% in subsequent years. The proportion of individuals recruited for testing through NGOs (social networks) was low (up to 3%).

- **Trends in RHI detection (by RITA).** The highest RHI proportion was recorded in 2023, at 3.46% (152 cases). In 2025 it fell to 1.08% (39 cases), and in the first 9 months of 2026 it was 1.30% (35 cases). The decline in the RHI proportion occurred against a backdrop of changes in testing volumes and structure, which must be taken into account when interpreting the results.

Summary (2)

- **Structure of RHI cases (by RITA).** From 2021 through 2026 (9 months), RHI cases were predominantly men (54–73%), people aged 30–39 (33–51%), and people who were not PHR for HIV (62–77%). In the first 9 months of 2026, the share of women rose to 46% and that of young people aged 18–29 to 17%. Across HTS modalities, the proportion of self-referrals decreased (from 53% to 26%), while the share of provider-initiated testing increased (from 33% to 60%).
- **RHI detection by sex, age, risk group, and HTS modality.** From 2021 through 2025, the % RHI was mostly higher among women (1.1–4.0%) and highest among young people aged 18–24 (2.3–10.4%). In most years, % RHI among PWID and MSM was 1.2–2 times that of the non-PHR individuals tested, peaking in 2023 (4.3% and 5.9%, respectively). Among HTS modalities, individuals recruited through NGOs had the highest % RHI (5.5–17.5%).
- In the first 9 months of 2026, the % RHI was higher among women (1.7%) than among men (1.1%) and peaked in the 25–29 age group (4.5%). Among PWID it reached 3.3%, 2.9 times that of non-PHR for HIV (1.1%); no RHI cases were recorded among MSM. By HTS modality, the highest values were observed among individuals recruited through NGOs (3.9%) and index testing (2.3%).
- **Regional overview.** The leaders in RHI testing (RTRI) volumes from December 2020 through September 2026 were Dnipropetrovska oblast (6,015), the city of Kyiv (2,890), and Odeska oblast (2,437). The highest number of RHI cases (by RITA) was identified in Dnipropetrovska (137) and Zaporizka (69) oblasts and the city of Kyiv (61). These three oblasts accounted for 63% of identified RHI cases, indicating a territorial concentration within the project.

Summary (3)

- **Regional differences and trends in % RHI by RITA.** Regional differences in the number, proportion, and risk-group structure of RHI cases point to the need for a differentiated approach to planning HIV prevention. In 2021–2023, the highest % RHI among those tested was observed in Zaporizka oblast (19.0%, 15.2%, and 12.8%, respectively). In Mykolaivska oblast, % RHI decreased from 15.0% in 2021 to 0.7% in the first 9 months of 2026. In Dnipropetrovska oblast, after a peak in 2023 (3.7%), the RHI proportion was 1.7% in the first 9 months of 2026. The highest rates in the first 9 months of 2026 were recorded in Donetska (4.4%), Zaporizka (3.9%), and Cherkaska (2.8%) oblasts.

- **Regional structure of RHI cases by risk group.** Throughout the project period, PWID were represented among RHI cases in all project oblasts except Lvivska oblast. The highest proportion of PWID among RHI cases was 63% in Zaporizka oblast (2022), 44% in Kyivska oblast (2023), and 41% in Dnipropetrovska oblast (2023). RHI cases among MSM were identified in seven project regions: Dnipropetrovska, Zaporizka, Kyivska, Mykolaivska, Odeska, and Chernihivska oblasts and the city of Kyiv, mostly in 2021–2024. The highest proportion of MSM among all RHI cases was recorded in the city of Kyiv (up to 27%).

- In the first 9 months of 2026, PWID accounted for 22.9% of all RHI cases (8 of 35): three cases in Dnipropetrovska oblast, two each in Zaporizka oblast and the city of Kyiv, and one in Chernihivska oblast. No RHI cases among MSM were recorded during this period.

- **RHI response.** The project introduced regular analysis of the spatial and temporal concentration of RHI cases and identification of potential “hotspots.” Based on this analysis, Dnipropetrovska and Zaporizka oblasts were identified as priority oblasts, and regional response plans were developed and endorsed there. This laid the groundwork for moving from routine data collection to practical use of the data in planning targeted HIV prevention measures.

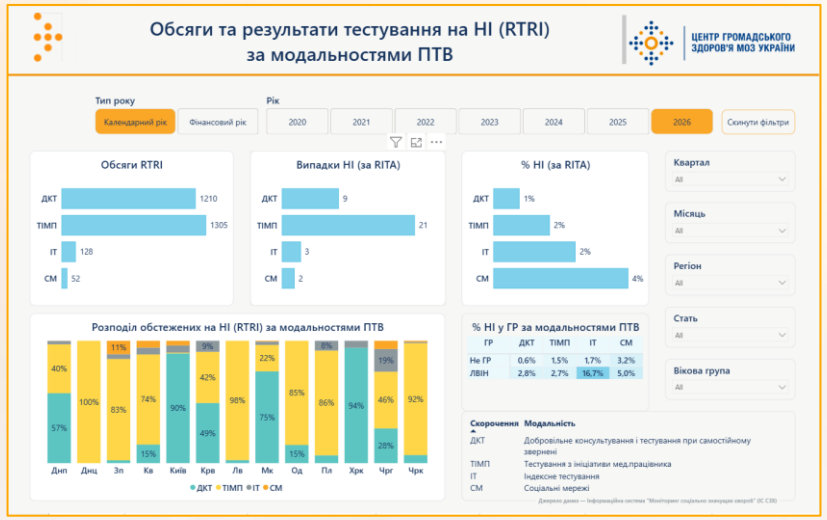
Recommendations for Strengthening HIV Epidemic Control Based on RHI Surveillance Data

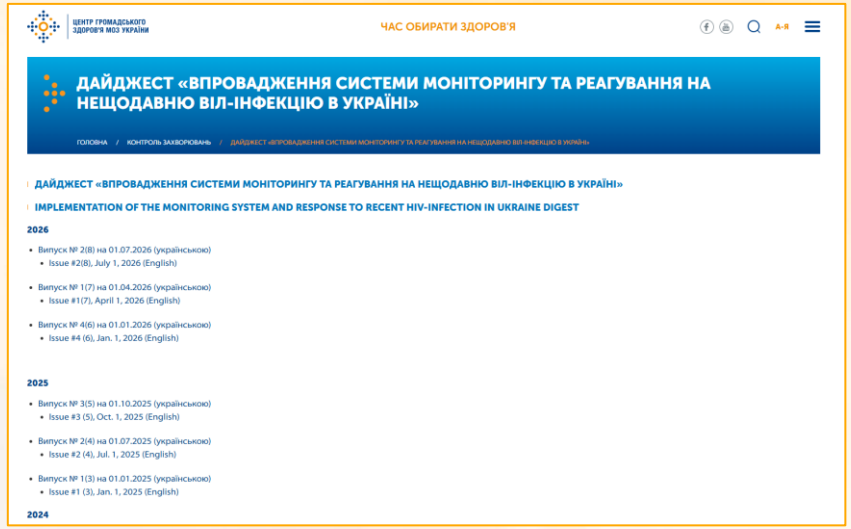
- **Ensure the sustainability of RHI surveillance.** Maintain the network of RHI testing sites and adequate RTRI coverage among individuals who meet the inclusion criteria. Ensure testing quality, timely data entry into the IS MSSD, and regular analysis of RHI surveillance results.
- **Strengthen early HIV detection among priority populations.** Expand targeted RHI testing among PWID, MSM, and young people aged 18–29, taking into account regional patterns of RHI detection. Improve HTS effectiveness by combining provider-initiated testing, index testing, and recruitment for testing through HIV-service NGOs.
- **Ensure systematic monitoring and verification of RHI "hotspots."** Conduct regular spatial and temporal analysis of RHI cases to detect territorial concentrations and potential HIV transmission clusters in a timely manner. Verify identified signals by analyzing the number and proportion of RHI cases, the characteristics of those tested, HTS coverage, and data from other surveillance sources.
- **Strengthen the targeted response to identified "hotspots."** Based on verified epidemiological signals, identify priority territories and populations for intensified HIV testing, index testing, PrEP, harm reduction programs, and other prevention services. Ensure coordination between oblast Centers for Disease Control and Prevention of the MoH of Ukraine, healthcare facilities, and HIV-service NGOs.
- **Ensure implementation and scale-up of regional RHI response plans.** Continue implementing the endorsed response plans in Dnipropetrovska and Zaporizka oblasts, with specific measures, responsible parties, and performance indicators. Apply the approaches developed to other oblasts when corresponding epidemiological signals are present.
- **Strengthen monitoring and evaluation of the response.** Regularly track implementation of the regional plans, coverage of priority populations with testing and prevention services, and changes in RHI detection in priority territories. Use the evaluation results to adjust measures in a timely manner and set further response priorities.

Analytical Products

More detailed information on testing for **recent HIV infection** can be found on this **interactive dashboard**: https://cutt.ly/rhi_db

All issues of the digest (in Ukrainian and English) can be found here: https://cutt.ly/rhi_digest



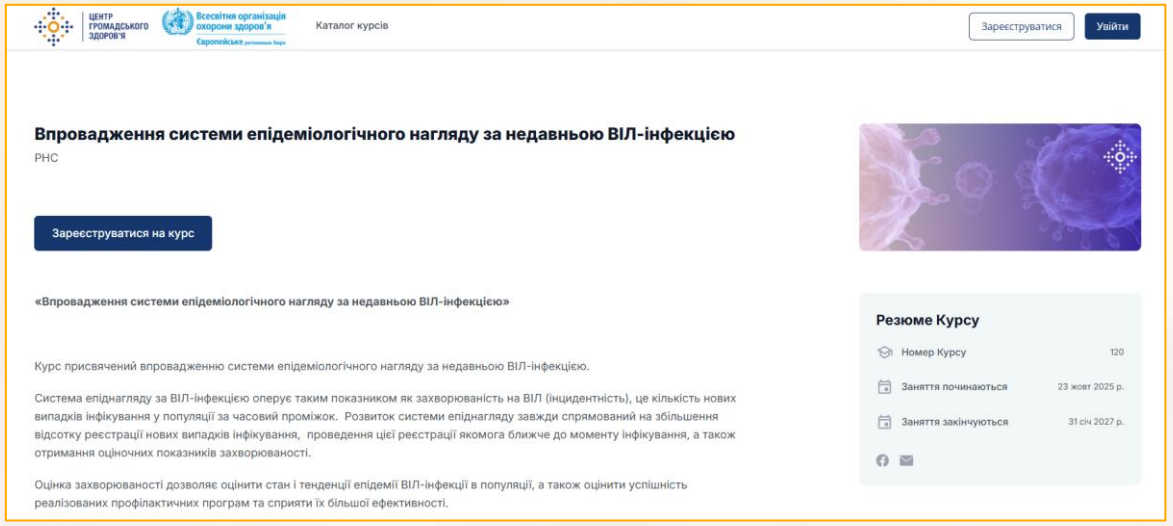


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Educational and Information Products

The course **“Implementation of the Epidemiological Surveillance System for Recent HIV Infection”** is available on the PHC e-learning platform: https://cutt.ly/rhi_course

You can download the leaflet **“Testing for Recent HIV Infection”** at: https://cutt.ly/rhi_guidelines





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